

# Revised manuals of pre-existing manuals and Manual with new harmonized methods

(Manual of harmonised methods for environmental indicators across different ecosystems)

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(Manual of harmonised methods for environmental indicators

across different ecosystems)

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create a lot of redundancies.

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#### 1 Introduction

Why to create another manual of manuals for ecosystem-related research and monitoring? We would like to emphasize that the separation between the research and monitoring communities is often artificial, as data gained by monitoring are often the base for research on long term time series. Furthermore, ecosystem research often develops methods that, later on, are taken up in ecosystem monitoring. Thus in our understanding, beside the long-term research, the monitoring aspect is always included in the Long Term Ecosystem Research (LTER) background. The idea for this kind of compendium was born within the LTER-Europe (http://www.lter-europe.net/) community and may be of relevance to all networks which need to ensure comparability of data and therefore have to agree on common standards to exploit the added value of networking. Since the foundation of LTER-Europe there was a demand for standardised parameters and harmonised methods which should be applied throughout all LTER-Europe sites, but indeed this concerns in general all sites dealing with aspects of ecosystem research. The willingness to work on these issues was manifested in 2008 by the establishment of an expert panel "Standardisation and Harmonisation" within the LTER-Europe network, which recently merged with the expert panel "Technology" to form the panel on "Standardisation and Technology" (http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std). The starting ground for this expert panel was already prepared by the network of excellence ALTER-Net (A Long-Term Biodiversity, Ecosystem and Awareness Research Network; http://www.alter-net.info/). In 2010 this task has been essentially boosted by the Life+ project EnvEurope (http://www.enveurope.eu/) focusing on the assessment of environmental quality and pressures across Europe making use of the LTER network as an integrated and shared system for ecosystem monitoring.

At this time, LTER-Europe covers more than 300 sites throughout Europe (67 of which are included in EnvEurope). The single LTER-Europe sites have been established for different reasons. Many of those established on terrestrial systems have joined the LTER network coming from the International Cooperative Programmes Integrated Monitoring (ICP IM) and ICP Forest, focusing on the impact of air pollution on ecosystems. These sites are often operated since at least one decade, measuring numerous parameters following well elaborated protocols. Some of them are highly instrumented, even beyond the needs from the ICP monitoring programmes. Other LTER-Europe sites developed from more specific research questions and projects run by their responsible institutions. These sites often provide more heterogeneous data and time series of different lengths but sometimes focus on very relevant research issues (e.g. climate change impacts on ecosystems). Both type of sites can benefit by entering a common network (e.g. LTER), bringing specific approaches for a fruitful integration. Furthermore, LTER sites are also quite heterogeneous in terms of the investigated ecosystem (terrestrial, freshwater and marine environments), size (plot to landscape scale), complexity (more ecosystems included, social scale considered), infrastructure, instrumentation, staff resources and long-term funding. This heterogeneity, on one side may limit the generation and use of data-sets suitable for cross-site analysis which is one of the basic aims of the LTER network while, on the other side, can offer material for analysis of ecological processes in different ecodomains.

Hence the need for common sets of parameters and methods is obvious, although we are aware of a possible low level of commitment to implement these sets at individual sites, due to the lack of available supporting central funding within the network. For that reason the first intended classification of mandatory and optional parameters (and related methods) was changed to a recommendation of first and second level indicators / parameters. In the process of dealing with this issue in an iterative and participative way by including the ecosystem research community, we realized that several goals had to be modified to meet the needs of the "practitioners" which are in most cases the site managers; as an example, people may not be willing to switch to different methods if they are expected to continue producing time series of comparable data for reporting duties. Therefore we propose rather to develop and agree on data standards like frequency, accuracy

and spatial scale of parameter measurements than to elaborate new methods. This approach was stimulated by the data product descriptions scheme developed for the National Ecological Observatory Network (US) –NEON (<a href="http://www.neoninc.org/">http://www.neoninc.org/</a>) which will enter its construction phase in 2013.

Thus harmonisation of methods is interpreted in the sense of this manual as the setting of data properties of parameters enabling for comparison of data sets with the aim of joint analysis. At the same time, the used methods need to be reported and should be chosen among methods proposed by existing networks or projects (i.e. accepted at "large scale"), methods generally used by the relevant scientific community and in the interested ecosystem and/or methods already published (i.e. peer reviewed).

Parallel to the bottom-up process of selecting suitable parameters and methods that are commonly applied, represent the state of the art and ensure comparability of the data, an overarching concept was chosen that ties these data together. The selected conceptual framework of Ecological Integrity is described in chapter 4. In this integrated approach, many indicators will be a novel concept for many sites, since only few sites will deal with an observation of ecosystems based on the ecological integrity framework.

Starting to work on this task we did not realize the dimension of the product, because it was intended to comprehensively cover research and monitoring at LTER sites. At the same time, we were not looking to "reinvent the wheel" and we were ready to consider taking on board already established and accepted methods in the different eco-domains. Furthermore, we did not foresee the related conceptual work, the challenging task of motivating people to contribute and the implication of dealing with terrestrial, river, lake and marine systems. Hence it turned out to be quite demanding in terms of knowledge that had and still has to be collected. Thus this manual is intended to be a "living document" which means that the present version is the "final" starting point and that we are looking forward to filling the remaining empty cells or change entries after being analysed through expert knowledge from the ecosystem research community. Considering this, it is evident that this manual will need regular updates to incorporate new approaches and methods and will be subjected to continuous review in order to be at pace with the developments in Long Term Ecosystem Research and monitoring.

#### 2 Definitions

Especially often used terms should be defined unambiguously to safeguard a common understanding. Therefore we provide the following definitions:

**Index**: A complex measure based on several parameters and / or calculations (e.g. Shannon index). Indices are often used as indicators too.

**Indicator**: A proxy for several ecosystem aspects. Individual indicators are designed to translate complex information in a concise and easily understandable manner in order to represent a particular phenomenon (e.g. biodiversity). It quantifies e.g. the magnitude of stress, habitat characteristics, degree of exposure to stressors or of ecological response. Indicators may be simple (e.g. just one indicator species) or complex (e.g. habitat connectivity) and, sometimes, can be equal to a parameter.

**Manual**: A user guide which is a technical communication document intended to give assistance to people using particular methods.

**Method**: A method of procedure consisting in systematic observation, measurement, and experiment, and the formulation, testing, and modification of hypotheses. Methods are the key to interpretation, reliability and evaluation of results and the way allowing other people to repeat and reproduce results. Compared to a protocol it is less detailed.

**Monitoring**: "Monitoring is an intermittent (regular or irregular) series of observations in time, carried out to show the extent of compliance with a formulated standard or degree of deviation from an expected norm." (after Hellawell 1991, modified by Brown 2000)

"Monitoring in the sense used here, is distinct from surveillance, which is repeated survey using a standard methodology undertaken to provide a series of observations over time. Surveillance can yield valuable information on trends in the state of biodiversity and Earth science, but does not by itself establish whether objectives or standards have been met. Information derived from surveillance may be used to inform judgements on the condition of features on sites." (Joint Nature Conservation Committee)

**Observation**: Any "measurement" by human sense impressions (subjective, qualitative) or by use of technical devices, e.g. sensors, measuring tape, satellite image (objective, quantitative). Quantitative measurements reduce an observation to a number which can be recorded.

**Parameter**: Same meaning as "variable", "the measured item". Parameters will often be identical with the indicator itself, but not every indicator is identical with the parameter assigned to it.

**Protocol**: A predefined written procedural method in the design and implementation of technical sequences in experiments and observations. They are used whenever it is desirable to standardise a laboratory or field method to ensure successful replication of results by others.

## 3 Related approaches

Being aware of the work done about identification of environmental indicators we did not intend to start from scratch, but it is important to know that the indicator sets mentioned below have been developed for specific purposes. The following list of "indicator initiatives" is extracted from the report "Conceptual framework for indicator assignment and selection for LTER-sites" which is available as download at the LTER-Europe website (<a href="http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std">http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std</a>).

Examples on indicator initiatives for biodiversity:

- Streamlining European 2010 Biodiversity Indicators (SEBI 2010)
- Group on Earth Observations Biodiversity Observation Network (GEO BON)
- Living Planet Index (LPI)
- Species Trend Index (STI)
- National Biodiversity Index (NBI)
- Red Lists
- Biomare

Examples on initiatives for integrative environmental indicators:

- Sustainability indicators (EU)
- EEA core set of environmental indicators
- OECD key environmental indicators
- TEEB (The Economics of Ecosystem and Biodiversity)
- Natural Capital Index (NCI)
- HANPP (Human appropriation of net primary productivity)
- Critical Load Exceedence Index (CLE)
- Connectivity Indices
- Corine Land Cover (CLC)
- National Ecological Observatory Network (US) –NEON

Compared to the approach taken in EnvEurope, the above mentioned initiatives are not aimed at getting an holistic view on ecosystems, but on particular aspects like halting biodiversity loss and relevance for policy (SEBI 2010; <a href="http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=SEC:2010:1165:FIN:EN:PDF">http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=SEC:2010:1165:FIN:EN:PDF</a>) or focusing at policy-relevant indicators giving answers to selected priority policy questions (EEA core set of indicators 2004; <a href="http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/freight-transport-demand/eea-core-set-of-indicators-csi">http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/freight-transport-demand/eea-core-set-of-indicators-csi</a>).

## 4 The conceptual framework: Ecological Integrity

Why is it advisable to develop and tune a conceptual framework for the specific needs of ecosystem research? The first important reason is that there is no such concept developed and agreed within the LTER community, which opens the opportunity to assign each measured parameter to a conceptual framework that takes into consideration all aspects of ecosystems. Another important argument is that any indicator selection has to be defensible by explaining why a specific set of indicators and parameters set is chosen for monitoring. In the EnvEurope project this framework has been developed by Benjamin Burkhard & Felix Mueller (University Kiel, 2011) on the base of the ecological integrity concept. Having this generic framework at hand was regarded as a considerable progress by the LTER community. The detailed report "Conceptual framework for indicator assignment and selection for LTER-sites" is available at <a href="http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std">http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std</a>.

Briefly, the idea of ecological integrity is based on the guiding principle for precaution against unspecific ecological risks in the framework of sustainable development. Its aim is to safeguard relevant ecosystem services and preserve the capability to continue self-organized development of systems and services. The self-organizing capacity of ecosystems describes (a) their ability to develop towards a higher degree of self-organization, which is characterized by more complex structures, or (2) to adapt to changing external conditions by keeping the current degree of self-organization. Thus, the result of self-organizing processes in ecosystems is the build-up and the maintenance of complex structures.

Table 1 shows the main components of the ecological integrity concept, starting from the structural components describing biotic diversity and abiotic heterogeneity and considering also, as well as processes (input, output, storage) related to the energy, matter and water balances. While the structural components describe mainly the state of the system (that can react to pressures, e.g. land use), the process components are directly reflecting states, changes and pressures (e.g. nitrogen input). If there would be one "ideal" quantifiable indicator for each of the higher level of ecological integrity indicators (Table 1, right column), we will end up with 19 indicators for characterisation of an ecosystem. However, this number easily increases two- or three fold since often several indicators (e.g. bird, butterfly diversity) are necessary to feed in the information for a higher level indicator (e.g. fauna diversity).

The fact sheets of the indicators are basically structured according to the scheme of ecological integrity.

Table 1: The components and basic indicators of Ecological Integrity. Note that the expert work starts with identifying the concrete lower indicators to be measured pointing at the higher ecological integrity indictors.

Components I	Components II	Ecological integrity indicators
ECOSYSTEM STRUCTURES		
	Biotic diversity	Flora diversity
		Fauna diversity
		Within habitat structure
		Additional variables when indicated
	Abiotic heterogeneity	Soil
		Water
		Air
		Habitat
		Additional variables when indicated
ECOSYSTEM PROCESSES		
	Energy budget	Input
		Storage
		Output
		Other state variables when indicated
		Efficiency measures
	Matter budget	Input
		Storage
		Output
		Other state variables when indicated
		Efficiency measures
	Water budget	Input
		Storage
		Output
		Other state variables when indicated
		Efficiency measures

## 5 The process of indicator selection

The process was guided by

- (1) assignment of indicators to the conceptual framework of ecological integrity,
- (2) including as much expert knowledge as possible and
- (3) applying a participative, bottom-up approach which aims at including the LTER community and especially the site managers who are intended as the end users of selected indicator sets.

The main steps towards this target were several EnvEurope workshops (Halle 2010, Budapest 2011, Rome 2011, Bucharest 2011) with group working dedicated to this issue and furthermore by demanding email requests to EnvEurope and EXPEER partners to amend and contribute to a continuously increasing table of indicators, parameters and a lot of descriptive characteristics.

The first prioritisation of the best indicators targeting at the higher ecological integrity indicators was done by "acclamation" and group discussion based on expert experience and knowledge. The next step has to go back to the basic criteria for indicator selection. They need to be

- biologically relevant (maintaining balanced communities)
- providing univocal information
- broadly applicable to many sites and stressors
- Integrative (biotic indicators)
- interpretable: distinguishing "good from bad" states
- and last but not least cost-effective: maximum information per unit effort

The review of the indicators presented in the fact sheets of this manual will be an iterative process which again needs to be done with the support of the LTER community.

Of course the importance or applicability of several indicators will be habitat-specific which again will increase their numbers. Just imagine the differences in the approaches for forests or semi-dry grasslands or deserts. Some basic or core indicators will be the same, but there will be specific sets important for a certain habitat only.

For the final "distillation" of all indicators down to a manageable set the fruitful combinations of certain parameters creating most added value will be considered. This supports strongly the criterion of cost-effectiveness. An example for the added value of the combination of certain parameters is bird species richness + habitat mapping + richness of vascular plants.

#### 6 Data characteristics

The data characteristics are the backbone of the indicator fact sheets. All information about an indicator and / or parameter is considered as "Data" in this context. This approach of characterizing indicators is chosen in order to create a matrix for comparison and comparability of indicators and the data generated by the methods related to them. The comparability of data is often related to certain basic features like frequency of measurements, spatial scale covered etc. Method references are separated according to national / international use. Only those references described in English and applied at an international level (or intended to become a kind of international standard) are recommended for LTER-Europe-wide use.

#### List of data characteristics:

- Indicator name
- **Explicit parameters**: in case that the indicator is not the same as the parameter. In most cases the parameter will be the item to be measured.
- **Important related indices** related to the described parameter (e.g. species richness; a related index is Shannon diversity)
- Property: Frequency of measurements
- Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution time of the season when
  measurements should be performed, accuracy of temporal resolution (e.g. seconds, minutes,
  hours)
- Property: Basic spatial scale spatial scale (plot size up to landscape) of measurement
- **Property: Base Units** recommended units, e.g. m, mm, mmol
- Mandatory meta data to characterize the parameter and the method
- Method applied (key words) short method characterization
- **Method references** (specific to sites, not internationally applied) actually not widely approved within LTER, mostly only in national language available
- Method references (established, internationally applied) elaborated and proved methods, available in English

#### Not included yet:

- Method used by international networks names of networks applying this method
- Parameter used by modelling community important to increase synergies between field measurements and modellers
- **SITES using this method** (list) site identifiers or site names; important for knowledge exchange about exact protocols and popularity of a method

#### 7 References

- NOTE: This section still needs to be completed, as all the references mentioned in the fact sheets have to be listed here! This is scheduled for the next version of the manual.
- Brown, A. (2000): Habitat Monitoring for Conservation Management and Reporting. 3: Technical Guide. Life-Nature Project no LIFE95 NAT/UK/000821. Integrating monitoring with management planning: a demonstration of good practice in Wales: Countryside Council for Wales, Bangor
- Burkhard, B. & F. Mueller (2011): Conceptual framework for indicator assignment and selection for LTER-sites <a href="http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std">http://www.lter-europe.net/ep/ep-std</a>
- EEA (2004): European Environment Agency Core Set of Indicators <a href="http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/freight-transport-demand/eea-core-set-of-indicators-csi">http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/freight-transport-demand/eea-core-set-of-indicators-csi</a>
- Hellawell, J.M. (1991): Development of a Rationale for Monitoring. In: Goldsmith, F.B. (ed): Monitoring for Conservation and Ecology. London (Chapman and Hall) *p 1-14*
- Joint Nature Conservation Committee: <a href="https://www.jncc.defra.gov.uk/page-2268">www.jncc.defra.gov.uk/page-2268</a>
- SEBI (2010): Streamlining European 2010 Biodiversity Indicators <a href="http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=SEC:2010:1165:FIN:EN:PDF">http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=SEC:2010:1165:FIN:EN:PDF</a>

#### 8 Fact sheets: Recommendations for Indicators and Parameters

The following section provides the list of fact sheets for each indicator which was proposed to be important and representative for the target ecological integrity indicators listed in table 1.

Each indicator fact sheet extracts basic information from the even more comprehensive worksheets for the different ecosystems. The information preceding each fact sheet including the heading is intended to assign an indicator to

- 1. the base components of Ecological Integrity: Ecosystem Structures or Ecosystem Processes
- 2. the following components of Ecological Integrity: **Biotic Diversity** and **Abiotic Heterogeneity**; **Energy, Matter, Water** and **Budget**
- 3. the (higher) ecological indicator (e.g. Flora Diversity)

Fact sheets are organized in two columns standing for two levels of indicators:

- The 1<sup>st</sup> level indicators are given highest priority in terms of importance, feasibility, and cost-efficiency. Mostly these will be more simple to be measured than 2<sup>nd</sup> level indicators.
- The 2<sup>nd</sup> level indicators are often supporting the 1<sup>st</sup> level indicators in a way that they aim at a similar subject, but are more demanding to be measured than 1<sup>st</sup> level indicators. E.g., a 1<sup>st</sup> level indicator could focus at species list of breeding birds, while the 2<sup>nd</sup> level indicator includes abundance of each species too. However, 2<sup>nd</sup> level indicators may be different in terms of the subject compared to 1<sup>st</sup> level indicators

## 8.1 Terrestrial Systems



#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.1 Flora Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Species and functional diversity / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Diversity of rare and endangered species

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

## LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mateutors and expired parameters			
Indicator: Species and functional diversity	Indicator: Diversity of rare and endangered species		
<b>Parameter</b> : Full Species list (vascular plants mandatory, mosses, lichens), coverage in %/ no. of	<b>Parameter</b> : Selected Species, coverage in %/ no. of individuals (frequency);		
individuals (frequency)	Focal vascular plants (eg. sensitive to climate and land use change - anthropogenic effects, Habitat Directive; rare species)		
Important re	elated indices		
Shannon, Simpson, Eveness,	Shannon		
species turn-over,	rarity index		
rarefaction curves,	population size		
phylogenetic diversity			
Property: Frequency			
Annual/periodic - able to be related to single year as basic unit	Annual/periodic - able to be related to single year as basic unit		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution			
Depending on the community. More than once a year if necessary but generally all species occurring per year should be recorded.	To characterise community annually (more than once per year if necessary)		
Property: Basic spatial scale			
Stratified random sampling - independent plots representative for the site and/or the habitats within the sites; at least 10 replicats;	Plot (representative for the site)		
minimum standard sample unit 1x1m			
Property:	Base Units		
Species number, percentage cover, frequency (no. of individuals)	Percentage cover, frequency (no. of individuals)		

#### Mandatory meta data

Survey date, location (XY coordinates), plot/area frequency of observations. size. biotope discription, method reference, design of sampling

Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of biotope discription, method observations, reference, selection procedure

## Method applied (key words)

Large plots: vegetation relevés compatible to Braun-Blanquet, e.g. 5 x 5m in open habitat types, 10 x 10m in woody habitat types or transects (at least 20m long) with application of point intercept method;

small plots (e.g. 1x1m): point frame method or simple frame method

Vegetation relevés compatible to Braun-Blanquet, plot random sampling;

censuses (number of individuals)

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Espelta et al. (2008). Ecology, 89: 805-817;

Matuszkiewicz, W. (2001);

Ostrowska et al. (1991);

Petriccione (2005). Acta Botanica Gallica 152: 545-561;

Rossi et al. (2006). Biodiversity and Conservation 15: 3881-3893;

Rossi et al. (2009). Plant Biosystems 143: 104-113;

Sparks et al. (2009): Advancing phenology in Europe's last lowland primeval forest: non-linear temperature response. Climate Research, 39: 221-226.;

Stanisci et al. (2005). Biodiversity and Conservation 14: 1301-1318:

Stanisci et al. (2010). Plant Ecology 212: 595-600;

http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do;jse ssionid=DC4D0AC18742FC6CC3A2740B92181DD2.i cts A?idioma=ingles;

https://spreadsheets.google.com/embeddedform? formkey=dDNJMWR3LVFaclRLRC1HY256QVIGb0E6 MQ;

http://observatoriosierranevada.iecolab.es/index. php/Flora

Espelta et al. (2008). Ecology, 89: 805-817;

Matuszkiewicz, W. (2001);

Ostrowska et al. (1991);

Petriccione (2005). Acta Botanica Gallica 152: 545-561;

Rossi et al. (2006). Biodiversity and Conservation 15: 3881-3893;

Rossi et al. (2009). Plant Biosystems 143: 104-113;

Sparks et al. (2009): Advancing phenology in Europe's last lowland primeval forest: non-linear temperature response. Climate Research, 39: 221-226.;

Stanisci et al. (2005). Biodiversity and Conservation 14: 1301-1318:

Stanisci et al. (2010). Plant Ecology 212: 595-600;

http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do;jse ssionid=DC4D0AC18742FC6CC3A2740B92181DD2.i cts A?idioma=ingles;

https://spreadsheets.google.com/embeddedform? formkey=dDNJMWR3LVFacIRLRC1HY256QVIGb0E6 MQ;

http://observatoriosierranevada.iecolab.es/index.p hp/Flora

## Method references: established, internationally applied

**ICP** IM Manual http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6329& lan=en;

ICP Forest => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp- | ICP Forest => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-

**ICP** IM Manual http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=632 9&lan=en;

forests-manual;

GLORIA => http://www.gloria.ac.at/;

http://www.forestbiota.org/docs/report\_GV.pdf;
population trends=>

http://www.sinauer.com/detail.php?id=5460#or% 28s%29;

Functional dviersity: Petchey, O. L., E. O'Gorman, et al. (2009). A functional guide to functional diversity measures. Biodiversity, ecosystem functioning, and human wellbeing: an ecological and economic perspective: 49.

Phylogenetic diversity: Cadotte et al. (2010). Ecology letters 13(1): 96-105.

forests-manual;

GLORIA => http://www.gloria.ac.at/;

http://www.forestbiota.org/docs/report\_GV.pdf
; population trends=>

http://www.sinauer.com/detail.php?id=5460#or %28s%29;

Functional dviersity: Petchey, O. L., E. O'Gorman, et al. (2009). A functional guide to functional diversity measures. Biodiversity, ecosystem functioning, and human wellbeing: an ecological and economic perspective: 49.

Phylogenetic diversity: Cadotte et al. (2010). Ecology letters 13(1): 96-105.

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.2 Flora Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Population trends of vascular plants: endangered, rare, at the limit of distribution, or ecological indicators / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters			
Indicator:			
Parameter:			
elated indices			
Property: Frequency			
asonality), temporal resolution			
Property: Basic spatial scale			
Property: Base Units			
Mandatory meta data			
ed (key words)			

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

https://spreadsheets.google.com/embeddedform? formkey=dDNJMWR3LVFacIRLRC1HY256QVIGb0E6 MQ

https://spreadsheets.google.com/embeddedform? formkey=dDNJMWR3LVFacIRLRC1HY256QVIGb0E6 MQ

## Method references: established, internationally applied

Morris W.F. & Doak D.F. (2002). Quantitative Conservation Biology: Theory and Practice of Population Viability Analysis. Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, MA.

Morris W.F. & Doak D.F. (2002). Quantitative Conservation Biology: Theory and Practice of Population Viability Analysis. Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, MA.

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.3 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Species richness: Birds / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Number of rare species, number and abundance of FFH-species, number of species with national/regional responsibility

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Species richness: Birds	Indicator: Number of rare species, number and abundance of FFH-species, number of species with national/regional responsibility	
Parameter: Full Species list: Common Birds	Parameter: Selected Species, Number of Individuals (= Population Size)	
Important re	elated indices	
Shannon;	Shannon	
Simpson		
Property:	Frequency	
Yearly up to every 3 years, 3-4 surveys per year during the breeding season starting at sunrise;	Depends on specific focus, but should be able to be related to single year as basic unit	
point transect: 5-10 minutes count per point		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
February-September	To characterise annual "population"	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Line transects: 1-2 km, if several lines, then at least 200m apart; avoid crossing markedly different habitats;	Plot (representative for the site)	
Point transects: distance between points at least 200m, about 20 points per site		
Property: Base Units		
Numbers of individuals;	Number	
behaviour categories		
Mandatory	/ meta data	
Survey date and time, location, area size, distance	Survey date, location, plot/Area size, frequency of	

frequency of observations, behaviour categories, biotope discription, method reference, design of sampling

observations, biotope discription, method reference, design of sampling

## Method applied (key words)

Line transects, point transects, point counts, pointstop, fixed distance bands, regular or systematic approach, random approach

Many different species-specific trap types and designs, different chemicals for conservation, hard to compare --> specific case for new agreed protocols

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

DDA (Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, in German): http://www.ddaweb.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha ne u&subsubcat=kartiermethode

DDA (Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, in German): http://www.ddaweb.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha ne u&subsubcat=kartiermethode

Observatorio del cambio global de Sierra Nevada (in Spanish):

http://observatoriosierranevada.iecolab.es/index. php/Transectos\_Passeriformes\_y\_Otras\_Aves

Observatorio del cambio global de Sierra Nevada (in Spanish):

http://observatoriosierranevada.iecolab.es/index.p hp/Transectos\_Passeriformes\_y\_Otras\_Aves

## Method references: established, internationally applied

EBCC - European Bird Census Council: Best Practice Handbook:

http://www.ebcc.info/index.php?ID=365

ECN UK - Environmental change network UK:

http://www.ecn.ac.uk/measurements/terrestrial/ b/bi/bb

**BTO** - British Trust for Ornithology

http://www.bto.org/volunteer-

surveys/bbs/taking-part/download-forms-

instructions

Software TRIM (TRends and Indices for Monitoring data)

http://www.ebcc.info/trim.html

Bibby et al. (2000)

Sutherland et al. (2004)

Greenwood and Robinson (2006b) Gibbons and Gregory (2006)

EBCC - European Bird Census Council: Best Practice Handbook:

http://www.ebcc.info/index.php?ID=365

ECN UK - Environmental change network UK:

http://www.ecn.ac.uk/measurements/terrestrial /b/bi/bb

BTO - British Trust for Ornithology

http://www.bto.org/volunteer-

surveys/bbs/taking-part/download-formsinstructions

Software TRIM (TRends and Indices for Monitoring data)

http://www.ebcc.info/trim.html

Bibby et al. (2000)

Sutherland et al. (2004)

Greenwood and Robinson (2006b) Gibbons and Gregory (2006)

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.4 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Species richness: Butterflies /  $2^{nd}$  level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters				
Indicator: Species richness: Butterflies	Indicator:			
Parameter: Full Species list: Butterflies	Parameter:			
Important re	Important related indices			
Shannon;				
Simpson				
Property:	Frequency			
Yearly, at least 5 (detection of about 80% of species), better 7-10 surveys				
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution				
March-October (depends on region)				
Property: Basic spatial scale				
50m (line transects)				
Property: Base Units				
Numbers				
Mandatory meta data				
Survey date, location, transect length size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling				
Method applied (key words)				
Line transect, counts of individuals				
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied				
Method references: established, internationally applied				
The UK Butterfly Monitoring Scheme (UKBMS): The UK Butterfly Monitoring Scheme (UKBMS):				

http://www.ukbms.org/resources.htm

ECN UK - Environmental change network UK:

http://www.ecn.ac.uk/measurements/terrestrial/i /ib

Pollard, E. (1977): A method for assessing changes in the abundance of butterflies. Biol. Conserv., 12:115-13

Pollard, E., Yates, T.J., (1993) Monitoring butterflies for ecology and conservation. Chapman & Hall, London

http://www.ukbms.org/resources.htm

ECN UK - Environmental change network UK:

http://www.ecn.ac.uk/measurements/terrestrial/i/ib

Pollard, E. (1977): A method for assessing changes in the abundance of butterflies. Biol. Conserv., 12:115-13

Pollard, E., Yates, T.J., (1993) Monitoring butterflies for ecology and conservation. Chapman & Hall, London

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.5 Within Habitat Structure  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Within habitat diversity /  $2^{nd}$  level: Layer structure

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Within habitat diversity	Indicator: Layer structure	
<b>Parameter</b> : Vertical and horizontal structure; Number, type and coverage of layers, life forms = species trait (recommended)	Parameter: Number, type and coverage of layers,	
Important re	elated indices	
Age structure, fractal dimension; LSM (landscape metrics)		
Property:	Frequency	
Periodic (yearly or every 3-5 years)	Annual/periodic	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
To characterise annual "community"	To characterise the plot	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Vector data, habitat map (representative for the site)	Plot (representative for the site)	
Property: Base Units		
Year, fractal dimension		
Mandatory	/ meta data	
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, location, plot/Area size, frequency/date of observations, biotope discription	
Method applied (key words)		
Remote sensing, aerial photographs, verified through field work	Surveys, remote sensing	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Jakucs P. (1985): Ecology of an oak forest in	Jakucs P. (1985): Ecology of an oak forest in	

Hungary. Akadémia Kiadó, Budapest;	Hungary. Akadémia Kiadó, Budapest;
http://www.forestbiota.org/docs/eee_HabitatClassificationForestBIOTA.pdf	http://www.forestbiota.org/docs/eee_HabitatClass ificationForestBIOTA.pdf
Method references: established, internationally applied	
http://www.forestbiota.org/docs/eee_HabitatClas sificationForestBIOTA.pdf	http://www.forestbiota.org/docs/eee_HabitatClassificationForestBIOTA.pdf
EUNIS => http://eunis.eea.europa.eu/habitats.jsp	EUNIS => http://eunis.eea.europa.eu/habitats.jsp

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.6 Within Habitat Structure  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Deadwood / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Number of ancient trees (DBH > 100m)

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

marcators and ca	Apricit parameters
Indicator: Deadwood	Indicator: Number of ancient trees (DBH > 100m)
<b>Parameter</b> : Volume of deadwood (CWD), position of deadwood, decaying rate of deadwood	<b>Parameter</b> : Number of ancient trees on the basis of 9 types of dead wood microhabitats
Important related indices	
	Decay holes, hollows, cavities, decay fungi, limbs of decaying wood, hollowing in the trunk or major limbs, dendrotelmic cavities, loss of bark. sap runs, crevices in the bark.
Property: Frequency	
10 year	10 years
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Trees without leaves , no smow	Trees without leaf
Property: Basic spatial scale	
	Survey at stand level
Property:	Base Units
m3/ha (volume of deadwood), 9 classes (position), 5 classes (decaying rate)	Presence/absence
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Transects	Survey
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

Harmon et al. (1986). Ecology of coarse woody debris in temperate ecosystems. Advances in Ecological Research, 15, 133-302.

Harmon et al. (1986). Ecology of coarse woody debris in temperate ecosystems. Advances in Ecological Research, 15, 133-302.

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.1.7 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Soil physical characteristics: soil horizons, soil water retention curves, total porosity, particle size distribution, stone content / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Soil basic characteristics (physical, chemistry, mineralogy)

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator: Soil physical characteristics: soil horizons, soil water retention curves, total porosity, particle size distribution, stone content	Indicator: Soil basic characteristics (physical, chemistry, mineralogy)
Parameter: Soil type (FAO) WRB 2006	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Diagnostic horizons, geomorphic conditions	Moisture, soil and air temperature
Property: Frequency	
Periodic (yearly or every 3-5 years)	Once and every 5-10 years for soil chemistry
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Once (per year?)	Once
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Site 5 replicates per site type (soil depth to be included)	Site
Property: Base Units	
Horizon, pedon, soil order (classification)	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
Soil survey (FAO)	Soil sampling
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
National Soil Classification System;	National Soil Classification System;

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 1. A talaj fizikai, vízgazdálkodási és ásványtani vizsgálata. INDA 4231 Kiadó, Budapest. 357 p. (ISBN 963 85126 0 1);

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 2. A talajok fizikai-kémiai és kémiai vizsgálati módszerei. Mezőgazdasági Kiadó, Budapest. (ISBN 963 232 657 1)

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 1. A talaj fizikai, vízgazdálkodási és ásványtani vizsgálata. INDA 4231 Kiadó, Budapest. 357 p. (ISBN 963 85126 0 1);

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 2. A talajok fizikai-kémiai és kémiai vizsgálati módszerei. Mezőgazdasági Kiadó, Budapest. (ISBN 963 232 657 1)

## Method references: established, internationally applied

World reference base for soil resources => http://www.fao.org/ag/agl/agll/wrb/doc/wrb2007 \_corr.pdf

Soil Survey Staff (2010): Keys to Soil Taxonomy. Eleventh edition. United States Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources Conservation Service. Washington, D.C..

World reference base for soil resources => http://www.fao.org/ag/agl/agll/wrb/doc/wrb20 07\_corr.pdf

Soil Survey Staff (2010): Keys to Soil Taxonomy. Eleventh edition. United States Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources Conservation Service. Washington, D.C..

### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.1.8 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Bulk density / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Density of the soil, indicator for soil air and water regime

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator: Bulk density	<b>Indicator</b> : Density of the soil, indicator for soil air and water regime
Parameter: Bulk density	Parameter:
Important related indices	
	Bulk density
Property: Frequency	
At beginning of survey, periodic (every 3 - 5 years)	Once
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Once (per year?)	Once
Property: Basic spatial scale	
At least 3 replicates per horizon at every chosen plot	Plot
Property: Base Units	
Density of natural undisturbed soil	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
Stainless steel cylinder of known volume (normally 100 cm3)	Intact soil sampling
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.1.9 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Soil chemistry (profile) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Soil chemistry

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and ex	cplicit parameters
Indicator: Soil chemistry (profile)	Indicator: Soil chemistry
Parameter: C and N content, base saturation, pH value, cation exchange capacity	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Organic and inorganic C, total N, pH, exchangeable cations, base saturation	C stock, N stock, base saturation
Property:	Frequency
Continuous/periodical, every year or seasonal	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution
Once (per year?)	Once
Property: Basic spatial scale	
	Plot
Property:	Base Units
Content of elements, pH, exchangeable cations	
Mandatory	y meta data
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
	Soil sampling
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.1.10 Water  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Soil moisture (profiles) stream discharge; groundwater depth and variability /  $2^{nd}$  level: Moisture regime of the soil/site (sensitivity to drought, access to water table, leaching)

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Soil moisture (profiles) stream discharge; groundwater depth and variability	Indicator: Moisture regime of the soil/site (sensitivity to drought, access to water table, leaching)
<b>Parameter</b> : Soil moisture (profiles); Soil solution chemistry: pH, Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd,	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
N, C, P	
Property:	Frequency
Continuous/periodical, every 2-3 months	Once
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous/periodical	Once
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Plot	Site
Property: Base Units	
Water content, water potential, concentration of ions	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
Device (sensors ,e.g. TDR; tensiometer)	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied
Jakucs P. (1985): Ecology of an oak Forest in	Jakucs P. (1985): Ecology of an oak Forest in

Hungary. Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest;

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 1. A talaj fizikai, vízgazdálkodási és ásványtani vizsgálata. INDA 4231 Kiadó, Budapest. 357 p. (ISBN 963 85126 0 1);

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 2. A talajok fizikai-kémiai és kémiai vizsgálati módszerei. Mezőgazdasági Kiadó, Budapest. (ISBN 963 232 657 1)

Hungary. Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest;

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 1. A talaj fizikai, vízgazdálkodási és ásványtani vizsgálata. INDA 4231 Kiadó, Budapest. 357 p. (ISBN 963 85126 0 1);

Buzás I. (szerk.) (1993): Talaj- és agrokémiai vizsgálati módszerkönyv 2. A talajok fizikai-kémiai és kémiai vizsgálati módszerei. Mezőgazdasági Kiadó, Budapest. (ISBN 963 232 657 1)

# Method references: established, internationally applied

Fundamentals of Soil Physics, 1980. Academic Press Inc

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en

ICP Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual

Fundamentals of Soil Physics, 1980. Academic Press Inc

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

ICP Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual

### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.1.11 Air  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Ozone concentration

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	<u> </u>
<b>Indicator</b> : Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.)	Indicator: Ozone concentration
<b>Parameter</b> : Radiation (incoming, reflected, below canopy, direct, diffuse, PAR), T, VPD, wind speed, CO2, Ozone, SO4, NOx concentrations	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Fluxes of chemicals in the atmosphere	
Property:	Frequency
Continuous/daily	On monthly basis using the passive samplers or continuously with ozone monitors
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution
Continuous/daily	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale
Site	
Property:	Base Units
Concentration per time unit (mg/m)	
Mandatory	/ meta data
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling
Method appli	ed (key words)
Devices	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied

# Method references: established, internationally applied

WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/IM OP-home.html

ICP IM =>

http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en

ICP Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual

WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/I MOP-home.html

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

ICP Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual

### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Abiotic Heterogeneity

**Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.12 Habitat 

1st level: Cover of CORINE land use/EUNIS habitats; EU Habitat Directive (connection to remote sensing) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Cover of CORINE land use/EUNIS habitats; EU Habitat Directive (connection to	Indicator:	
remote sensing)		
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Landscape metrics (e.g. SHDI, MPS, PROX, ENN)		
Property: Frequency		
Periodic (depends on community dynamics)		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Every 3 years (depends on dynamics of land use changes and community changes)		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site/landscape		
Property: Base Units		
Landscape		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	
Method applied (key words)		
Maps (surveys/checked)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.1.13 Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Type and intensity of management / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Natural disturbances

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

illuicators and ex	tpilcit parameters
Indicator: Type and intensity of management	Indicator: Natural disturbances
<b>Parameter</b> : Age, species, size distributions of forest stands, fields, roads, wetlands, lakes	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Hemeroby/ naturalness	
Property:	Frequency
Depending on management	Occasional
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution
Depending on management	Not relevant
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Site	Site
Property: Base Units	
%, ha	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location, area size, year of observation, methods of sampling	Survey date, Area size, year of observation, methods of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
Survey, questionnaire, management plan	Survey/knowledge/history
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

# **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.14 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy input: a) Radiation; b) Agronomic operation / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Energy input 2

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Energy input: a) Radiation; b) Agronomic operation	Indicator: Energy input 2	
<b>Parameter</b> : a) Photoshynthetic active radiation (PAR); direct and diffuse sky radiatio;	Parameter: Temperature (air)	
b) Type of fertilizers, all details about tillage, weed control, pest control, irrigation, harvest		
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous (half hourly) / site characterisation	Daily	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Continuous / annual	Daily	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site	Site	
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	
Method applied (key words)		
Device / calculation	Device	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Donana => http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do?idi	Donana => http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarldiomaAction.do?idi	

oma=ingles	oma=ingles
Method references: established, internationally applied	
WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/IM OP-home.html	WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/I MOP-home.html
ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en	ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en
ICP Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual	ICP Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual

# **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.15 E\_input  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Energy input - radiation /  $2^{nd}$  level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Energy input - radiation	Indicator:	
Parameter: Incoming short wave radiation	Parameter:	
Important re	lated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Continuous (10 min)		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Continuous		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory	meta data	
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Pyranometer		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		
http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.16 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy capture / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Energy capture	Indicator:	
Parameter: Absorbed radiation	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous (half hourly)		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Continuous		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Plot		
Property: Base Units		
W/m-2		
Mandatory meta data		
Combine with e.g. data on canopy greening, fluorescence,		
Method applied (key words)		
Radiometers		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.17 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Photosynthetic energy fluxes: a) energy input (light absorption); b) energy partitioning (photochemical vs non-photochemical) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	<del>-</del>	
<ul><li>Indicator: Photosynthetic energy fluxes: a) energy input (light absorption); b) energy partitioning (photochemical vs non-photochemical)</li></ul>	Indicator:	
Parameter: a) Light absorption: greeness indexes, e.g. NDVI b) Energy partitioning: PRI (Photochemical Reflectance Index), Active Fluorescence (see Established Protocols, line 42), Passive Fluorescence	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
NDVI, PRI, NPQ, Photochemical Yield, Non- Photochemical Yield, Light Use Efficiency		
Property: Frequency		
Measurements are continuous (30 min averages). But Active Fluorescence has a minimum practical Frequency of 5-15 minutes.		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Annual coverage. Snow problems.		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
From a few mm (leaf level measurements) to tenths of meters (tower level measurements)		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
PAR, Temperature, precise sensor orientation (canopy level), Stand structure (BRDF computing): tree density, size, LAI,		

# **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.18 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Energy storage	Indicator:	
Parameter: Biomass	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Volume/mass of ecosystem components		
Property:	Frequency	
Annual		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Annual (more sampling may be needed)		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Cubic meters, metric tons		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Sampling		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.19 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: /2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mateurors and expired parameters								
Indicator:	Indicator:							
Parameter: Canopy temperature	Parameter: Soil temperature (I consider this storage)							
Important related indices								
Property:	Frequency							
Continuous if possible (half hourly)	Continuous							
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution								
Continuous	Continuous							
Property: Basic spatial scale								
Plot	Plot							
Property: Base Units								
°C								
Mandatory	meta data							
Combine with other environmental data (e.g. wind speed, absorbed radiation, etc)								
Method applied (key words)								
Non-contact T sensor or infrared camera								
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied								
Method references: established, internationally applied								

# **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.20 E\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy output / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters						
Indicator: Energy output	Indicator:					
Parameter: Albedo and heat flux; respiration	Parameter:					
Important re	Important related indices					
Eddy covariance						
Property:	Frequency					
Albedo: half hourly; Respiration: 3x per year						
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution					
Periodical						
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale					
Site						
Property:	Base Units					
Weight/volume units per time units						
Mandatory meta data						
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference						
Method applie	Method applied (key words)					
Measured on selected meteorological stations						
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied						
Donana => http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do?idi oma=ingles	<pre>Donana =&gt; di http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do?idi oma=ingles</pre>					
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied					
ICP IM =>	ICP IM =>					

http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en

http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

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### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.21 E\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters				
<b>Indicator</b> : Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.)	Indicator:			
<b>Parameter</b> : Air humidity, Air temperature, Windspeed/-direction	Parameter:			
Important re	elated indices			
Property:	Frequency			
Continuous (10 min)				
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution				
Continuous				
Property: Basic spatial scale				
Site				
Property: Base Units				
Mandatory meta data				
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference				
Method applied (key words)				
Meteorological Multisensors, Standard Monitoring Stations				
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied			
Method references: establis	shed internationally applied			
Method references: established, internationally applied				

http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064\_en.pdf http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064\_en.pdf

### TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.22 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy efficiency / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Remote sensing derived ANPP-NPP

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Energy efficiency	Indicator: Remote sensing derived ANPP-NPP		
Parameter: ANPP (as a proxy and relation to Remote Sensing) (NPP where possible)); Net radiation	Parameter:		
Important re	elated indices		
Eddy covariance			
Property:	Frequency		
Half hourly	Annual/seasonal		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	isonality), temporal resolution		
Annual (more sampling may be needed)  Annual/seasonal			
Property: Basic spatial scale			
Plot/site	Site		
Property: Base Units			
Weight/volume units per time units			
Mandatory meta data			
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)			
Sampling/biometry/proxy variables	Remote sensing		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied			

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.23 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Branch CO2 exchange / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters					
Indicator: Branch CO2 exchange	Indicator:				
Parameter: Branch-level CO2 exchange	Parameter:				
Important related indices					
CO2 uptake, respiration, NPP					
Property:	Frequency				
Continuous, temporal resolution 30 min					
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution					
Continuous					
Property: Basic spatial scale					
Tree individual					
Property: Base Units					
nmol m-2 s-1, mg g-1 h-1					
Mandatory meta data					
Location, time, enclosure type, duration of closure, PAR, temperature, flow rate, measurement method					
Method applied (key words)					
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied					
Method references: established, internationally applied					

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.24 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Stand CO2 flux / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	•		
Indicator: Stand CO2 flux	Indicator:		
<b>Parameter</b> : Net ecosystem exchange, gross primary productivity, ecosystem respiration	Parameter:		
Important re	elated indices		
Light-use efficiency			
Property:	Frequency		
Continuous, temporal resolution 30 min			
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution		
Continuous			
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale		
Site			
Property: Base Units			
μmol m-2 s-1			
Mandatory meta data			
Measuring height, fetch, type of gas analyser (closed, open, enclosed),			
Method applied (key words)			
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied			
Method references: established, internationally applied			

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.25 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy Budget / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters				
ndicator: Energy Budget Indicator:				
Parameter: Albedo/Radiation Budget	Parameter:			
Important re	elated indices			
Light-use efficiency				
Property:	Frequency			
Continuous, temporal resolution 10-30 min				
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution			
Continuous				
Property: Basic spatial scale				
Site				
Property: Base Units				
μmol m-2 s-1				
Mandatory meta data				
Measuring height, fetch, type of gas analyser (closed, open, enclosed), location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference				
Method applied (key words)				
4-component net radiation sensors				
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied				
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied			

# **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.26 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy Budget / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters					
Indicator: Energy Budget	Indicator:				
Parameter: Photosynthetic active radiation	Parameter:				
Important re	lated indices				
Property:	Frequency				
Continuous (10 min)					
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution					
Continuous					
Property: Bas	Property: Basic spatial scale				
Site					
Property: Base Units					
Mandatory meta data					
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference					
Method applied (key words)					
Filter radiometer					
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied					
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied				

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.27 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Energy Budget /  $2^{nd}$  level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters					
Indicator: Energy Budget Indicator:					
Parameter: Sensible and latent heat flux	Parameter:				
Important re	elated indices				
Property:	Frequency				
Continuous (30 min)					
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution				
Continuous					
Property: Bas	Property: Basic spatial scale				
Site					
Property: Base Units					
Mandatory meta data					
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference					
Method applied (key words)					
EC (H2O, T, u, v, w, pressure)					
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied				
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied				

# **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.28 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Energy Budget /  $2^{nd}$  level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters				
Indicator: Energy Budget	Indicator:			
Parameter: Greenhouse Gas Fluxes	Parameter:			
Important re	elated indices			
Property:	Frequency			
Continuous (30 min)				
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution			
Continuous				
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale			
Site				
Property: Base Units				
Mandatory meta data				
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference				
Method applied (key words)				
EC (CH4, N2O, Trace gases)				
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied			
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied			

#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes 

Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator 

recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.29 M\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Deposition of main nutrients (measurements) (input of fertiliser if relevant: fertilization using mineral / organic fertilizers, exceeding crop removal) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Average deposition of main nutrients (modelling/maps)

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

malcators and explicit parameters				
Indicator: Deposition of main nutrients (measurements) (input of fertiliser if relevant: fertilization using mineral / organic fertilizers, exceeding crop removal)	Indicator: Average deposition of main nutrients (modelling/maps)			
<b>Parameter</b> : Deposition: Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd, pH; Weathering rate: Base cations, Pb, Cd;	Parameter: Atmospheric deposition			
Biomass production				
Important re	elated indices			
Concentration, ion ratio				
Property:	Frequency			
Monthly to Annual; (Ignatova) => deposition measurements every 15 days; Weathering- once	Annual, monthly measurements			
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution				
Periodical (monthly)	Annual			
Property: Basic spatial scale				
Site	Site; plot			
Property:	Base Units			
kg/ha,				
Mandatory meta data				
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference			
Method applied (key words)				
Collectors; sampling	Deposition collector, model calculations			

# Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Filippa et al. (2010): Major element chemistry in inner alpine snowpacks (Aosta valley Region, NW Italy) Cold Regions Science and Technology. doi:10.1016/j.coldregions.2010.07.005

Filippa et al. (2010): Major element chemistry in inner alpine snowpacks (Aosta valley Region, NW Italy) Cold Regions Science and Technology. doi:10.1016/j.coldregions.2010.07.005

# Method references: established, internationally applied

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http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en			http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en				
ICP Forests => forests-manual	http://icp-forests.net/page/			Forests => sts-manual	http://icp-forests	s.net/page/i	ср-

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Matter Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.30 M\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Atmospheric deposition, branch scale / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters					
Indicator: Atmospheric deposition, branch scale	Indicator:				
Parameter: O3 deposition	Parameter:				
Important related indices					
Ozone exposure index, O3 stomatal and nonstomatal deposition					
Property:	Frequency				
Continuous, temporal resolution 30 min					
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution					
Continuous					
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale				
Tree individual					
Property:	Base Units				
nmol m-2 s-1, mg g-1 h-1					
Mandatory	/ meta data				
Location, time, enclosure type, duration of closure, PAR, temperature, flow rate, relative humidity, measurement method					
Method applied (key words)					
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied					
Method references: established, internationally applied					

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.31 M\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Atmospheric deposition, stand scale / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

malcators and explicit parameters				
Indicator: Atmospheric deposition, stand scale	Indicator:			
Parameter: O3 flux, O3 deposition velocity	Parameter:			
Important related indices				
Ozone exposure index				
Property: Frequency				
Continuous, temporal resolution 30 min				
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution				
Continuous				
Property: Basic spatial scale				
Site				
Property: Base Units				
μmol m-2 s-1, ppb s-1				
Mandatory meta data				
Measuring height, fetch, type of measurement (e.g. Eddy covariance, eddy accumulation, relaxed eddy accumulation), O3 concentration				
Method applied (key words)				
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied				
Method references: established, internationally applied				

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Matter Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.32 M\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Matter storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Stem and branches chemistry; below ground storage

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

	photo parameters				
Indicator: Matter storage	<b>Indicator</b> : Stem and branches chemistry; below ground storage				
Parameter: Vegetation biomass (including roots); Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), S, N, Pb, Cd in the	Parameter: Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), S, N, Pb, Cd in the biomass;				
biomass	Vegetation biomass (below ground) (DOC, DON, PFLA, Cmic)				
Important related indices					
Concentration, ion ratio					
Property:	Frequency				
Annual/periodic	Annual / periodical				
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution				
Depend on site type	Annual/periodical				
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale				
Plot/site	Plot/site				
Property:	Base Units				
kg/ha,					
Mandatory meta data					
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference				
Method applie	ed (key words)				
Estimation, surveys, biometry, proxies (e.g. plant height in grasslands)	Sampling, (chemical) analyses: AAA, ICP				
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied				

Holub et al. (2005): Organic matter manipulations have little effect on gross and net nitrogen transformations in two temperate forest mineral soils in the U.S.A and central Europe. Forest Ecology and Management, 214: p. 320-330

Holub et al. (2005): Organic matter manipulations have little effect on gross and net nitrogen transformations in two temperate forest mineral soils in the U.S.A and central Europe. Forest Ecology and Management, 214: p. 320-330

# Method references: established, internationally applied

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http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en			http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en		
ICP Forests => forests-manua	http://icp-forests.ne		P Forests => rests-manua	http://icp-forests.r	net/page/icp-

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.33 M\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Matter storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Matter storage	Indicator:	
Parameter: Aboveground biomass per species	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Annual/bi-annual		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Once a year		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Plot (1x1m)		
Property: Base Units		
g/species and area unit		
Mandatory	meta data	
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applie	ed (key words)	
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.34 M\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Significant matter export: 1. harvesting, grazing; 2. leaching; 3. gas emissions (NH3, denitrification products) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Uptake by the biomass, leaching by the runoff, lateral immissions

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator** 

**LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

#### Indicators and explicit parameters

Indicator: Uptake by the biomass, leaching by the Indicator: Significant matter export: 1. harvesting, grazing; 2. leaching; 3. gas emissions (NH3, runoff, lateral immissions denitrification products) Parameter: Utilized matter (harvesting, grazing); Parameter: Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), S, N, Pb, Cd in the biomass and runoff; Leaching erosion **Important related indices** Exploitation, water/wind transport of materials **Property: Frequency** Annual/seasonal, monthly calc. from daily flow Annual estimates Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution To characterise the site (when relevant) Annual **Property: Basic spatial scale** Site Plot/site **Property: Base Units** Metric tons per area unit Mandatory meta data frequency of Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, Date, location, plot/area size, biotope discription, method biotope discription, method reference observations, reference Method applied (key words) Estimation, surveys Sampling; (chemical) analyses: AAA, ICP model calculations;

measurements

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Tóth et al. (1975): Litter decomposition in oak forest ecosystem (Quercetum petraeae-cerris) of northern Hungary studied in the framework of "Síkfőkút Project".- In: Kilbertus, G.(ed): Biodegradation et Humification (Rapport du 1 Colloque Int., Nancy, 1974) Sarreguemines, Perron, pp. 41-58.

Tóth et al. (1975): Litter decomposition in oak forest ecosystem (Quercetum petraeae-cerris) of northern Hungary studied in the framework of "Síkfőkút Project".- In: Kilbertus, G.(ed): Biodegradation et Humification (Rapport du 1 Colloque Int., Nancy, 1974) Sarreguemines, Perron, pp. 41-58.

### Method references: established, internationally applied

ICP	IM	=> ICP	IM	=>
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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Matter Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.35 M\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Soil respiration, CH4+N2O fluxes, DOC, DON, Water + mineral runoff /  $2^{nd}$  level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Soil respiration, CH4+N2O fluxes, DOC, DON, Water + mineral runoff	Indicator:	
Parameter: GHG fluxes (dynamic enclosures), catchments	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Constant		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Constant		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Site		
Property: Base Units		
g m-2		
Mandatory	meta data	
Date, location, sample area, sample flow, temperature, snow cover, soil moisture, measurement method		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied		

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Matter Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.36 M\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: C-N (plant, soil) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Soil/water chemistry as basic information for the quality of matter cycling processes

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and ex	cplicit parameters	
Indicator: C-N (plant, soil)	Indicator: Soil/water chemistry as basic information for the quality of matter cycling processes	
Parameter:	Parameter: pH (soil, water)	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Annual/periodic	Depends on biotope type (periodiccally)	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Annual/periodic	Depends on biotope type (periodiccally)	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Plot/site, forest floor and soil Plot		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory	/ meta data	
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	
Method appli	ed (key words)	
Sampling and analysis		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	
ICP IM =>	ICP IM =>	

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes 

Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator 

recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.37 M\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Nutrient cycling: a) mineral and organic fertilization balancing crop removal; depositions during grazing; b) crop residue decomposition (including green manuring) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mardatoro ana expirate parameters		
Indicator: Nutrient cycling: a) mineral and organic fertilization balancing crop removal; depositions during grazing; b) crop residue decomposition (including green manuring)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : (DEMANDING) Litter residence time / decomposition	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Annual/periodic		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Annual/periodic		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Plot/site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Litterfall/standing litter; litterbags		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Tóth et al. (1975): Litter decomposition in oak	Tóth et al. (1975): Litter decomposition in oak	

forest ecosystem (Quercetum petraeae-cerris) of northern Hungary studied in the framework of "Síkfőkút Project".- In: Kilbertus, G.(ed): Biodegradation et Humification (Rapport du 1 Colloque Int., Nancy, 1974) Sarreguemines, Perron, pp. 41-58.

forest ecosystem (Quercetum petraeae-cerris) of northern Hungary studied in the framework of "Síkfőkút Project".- In: Kilbertus, G.(ed): Biodegradation et Humification (Rapport du 1 Colloque Int., Nancy, 1974) Sarreguemines, Perron, pp. 41-58.

Method references: established, internationally applied

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.38 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff	Indicator:	
Parameter: Precipitation	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous (10 min)		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Site		
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory	meta data	
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Tipping-bucket gauges, present weather sensors		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	
http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.39 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff	Indicator:	
Parameter: Troughfall	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous (10 min)		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Site		
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory	meta data	
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Tipping-bucket gauges		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	
http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.40 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff	Indicator:	
Parameter: Snow Height	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous (30 min)		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Site		
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory	meta data	
Location, plot/Area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Snow Height Sensors		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	
http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/CIMO/CI MO15-WMO1064/1064_en.pdf	

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.41 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Deposition; gGround water recharge wWeathering

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.)	<b>Indicator</b> : Deposition; gGround water recharge wWeathering	
<b>Parameter</b> : Deposition: Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd, pH;	<b>Parameter</b> : Deposition: Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd, pH;	
Precipitation	ground water recharge	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Continuous (every 15 days)	Every 15 days	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
	Annual	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Plot/site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope discription, method reference	Location, plot/area size, model tool reference	
Method applied (key words)		
Automatic stations	Model calculation	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Szabó (1975): Net precipitation in Hungarian oak forest ecosystem Acta Bot. Acad. Sci. Hung. 21:	Szabó (1975): Net precipitation in Hungarian oak forest ecosystem Acta Bot. Acad. Sci. Hung. 21:	

Method references:	establis	hed,	international	ly app	lied
IM	=>	ICP		IM	

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.42 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Precipitation, throughfall, runoff	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Precipitation gauges, precipitation radar	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Site, catchment		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory	y meta data	
Date, location, sample area, temperature, snow cover		
Method applic	ed (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
World Meteorological Organization, 1983: Guide to Meteorological Instruments and Methods of Observation. Fifth edition, Chapter 7, WMO–No. 8, Geneva.	World Meteorological Organization, 1983: Guide to Meteorological Instruments and Methods of Observation. Fifth edition, Chapter 7, WMO–No. 8, Geneva.	
Method references: established, internationally applied		

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.43 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Snowpack (amount/duration)

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Water storage	Indicator: Snowpack (amount/duration)	
Parameter: SWC:	Parameter: Snowpack (amount/duration)	
ground water presence and recharge;		
Water level (depth, level)		
Important re	elated indices	
Concentration, ion ratio		
Property:	Frequency	
Annual/seasonal;	Periodic (seasonal)	
level monthly		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous - to characterise the site (when relevant), water contents and flow		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site/plot	Plot/site	
Property: Base Units		
%		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot/Area size, model tool reference, device reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Water balance, devices	Periodic measurements, devices	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Jakucs (1985): Ecology of an oak forest in Hungary. Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest, (thermogravimetric	Jakucs (1985): Ecology of an oak forest in Hungary. Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest, (thermogravimetric	

method);

Kanalas et al. (2010): Seasonal and diurnal variability in sap flow intensity of mature sessile oak (Quercus petraea (Matt.) Liebl.) trees in relation to microclimatic conditions. Acta Biologica Hungarica, 61: 95-108. (Volumetric Water Content in soil profile by means of Decagon sensors)

method);

Kanalas et al. (2010): Seasonal and diurnal variability in sap flow intensity of mature sessile oak (Quercus petraea (Matt.) Liebl.) trees in relation to microclimatic conditions. Acta Biologica Hungarica, 61: 95-108. (Volumetric Water Content in soil profile by means of Decagon sensors)

#### Method references: established, internationally applied

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en

ICP IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.44 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Water storage	Indicator:	
Parameter: Soil moisture	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Continuous		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Continous		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Point to field scale		
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory meta data		
Location, area, soil map		
Method applied (key words)		
Electromagnetic sensors (TDR), wireless soil moisture sensor networks (for plot to field scale), 3 depths including repetitions		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.45 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Water storage	Indicator:	
Parameter: Matrix potential	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Continuous		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Point to field scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, area, soil map		
Method applied (key words)		
pf-Meter, tensiometer		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.46 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Water storage	Indicator:	
Parameter: Soil Temperature	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Continuous		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Point to field scale		
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory meta data		
Location, area, soil map		
Method applied (key words)		
Temperature Sensors		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.47 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water output / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Runoff (measured or modelled); Water circulation and residence time

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

marcators and expired parameters		
Indicator: Water output	Indicator: Runoff (measured or modelled); Water circulation and residence time	
Parameter: Potential evapotranspiration;	Parameter: Lysimetric water: Base cations (K, Na,	
Lysimetric water: Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg),	Ca, Mg), SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd, pH;	
SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd, pH;	Water circulation and residence time	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Annual, every 2-3 months;	Annual, every 2-3 months;	
monthly, daily	monthly, daily	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Annual	Annual	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site, catchment	Site	
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot/area size, model tool reference	Location, plot/area size, model tool reference	
Method applied (key words)		
From basic climate parameters, models, discharge	Catchment level measurements, modelling,	
weirs	calculated balance	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Jakucs P. (1985): Ecology of an oak forest in	Jakucs P. (1985): Ecology of an oak forest in	

Hungary. Aka study)	adémiai Kiadó, Budapest.	(lysimeter Hun	•	Kiadó,	Budapest. (lysimeter
Method references: established, internationally applied					
ICD	10.0	. 160		18.4	
ICP	IM	=>   ICP		IM	=>
	IIVI ymparisto.fi/default.asp?no		//www.ymparisto		=> ult.asp?node=641

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.48 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water output / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Water output	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Evapotranspiration, latent heat flux, sensible heat flux	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Continuous, temporal resolution 30 min		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Continuous		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Site		
Property:	Base Units	
mmol m-2 s-1, W m-2		
Mandatory meta data		
Method (e.g. Bowen ratio energy balance, eddy covariance), measuring height, fetch, type of gas analyser (closed, open, enclosed),		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.49 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Stomatal conductance / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Stomatal conductance	Indicator:	
Parameter: Stomatal conductance	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Depending on treatments; standard: bi-monthly		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Most relevant during growing season		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Plant		
Property: Base Units		
mmol m-2 s-1		
Mandatory meta data		
Leaf/canopy temperature for correlations; SWC/SWP for thresholds		
Method applied (key words)		
Porometer		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied		

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#### **TERRESTRIAL SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.50 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Runoff/Streamflow / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Runoff/Streamflow	Indicator:	
Parameter: Runoff gauge	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot, catchment size		
Method applied (key words)		
e.g. Venturi flume, V-notch weir, Laser-Doppler		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Guide to Hydrological Practices, Sixth Edition 2008, Volume I: Hydrology - From Measurement to Hydrological Information	Guide to Hydrological Practices, Sixth Edition 2008, Volume I: Hydrology - From Measurement to Hydrological Information	
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.51 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water Quality / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	· · ·	
Indicator: Water Quality	Indicator:	
Parameter: Water Temperature; Water pH; Water Redox Potential; Chlorophyll a; O2-saturation; Turbidity; Cl, NO3	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Continuous		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot, catchment size		
Method applied (key words)		
Multiparameter Probe		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Guide to Hydrological Practices, Sixth Edition 2008, Volume I: Hydrology - From Measurement to Hydrological Information	Guide to Hydrological Practices, Sixth Edition 2008, Volume I: Hydrology - From Measurement to Hydrological Information	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.52 W\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Lysimetric water / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters			
Indicator: Lysimetric water	Indicator:		
<b>Parameter</b> : Base cations (K, Na, Ca, Mg), SO42-, NO3-, Cl-, Pb, Cd, pH; DOC, DON	Parameter:		
Important related indices			
Property: Frequency			
Constant			
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution		
Constant			
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale		
Site, chatchment			
Property: Base Units			
g m-3			
Mandatory meta data			
Date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, method reference			
Method applied (key words)			
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.1.53 W\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water balance / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Water circulation and residence time

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mulcators and	explicit parameters	
Indicator: Water balance	Indicator: Water circulation and residence time	
Parameter: Water balance	Parameter: Water circulation and residence time	
Important	related indices	
Property	y: Frequency	
Annual	Annual	
Property: Time scale (incl. se	easonality), temporal resolution	
Annual	Annual	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Plot/site	Plot/site	
Property	y: Base Units	
Mandato	ory meta data	
Location, plot/area size, model tool reference	Location, plot/Area size, model tool reference	
Method app	olied (key words)	
Calculated/modelled	Model calculation	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: estab	lished, internationally applied	

# 8.2 River Systems



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#### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *Ecosystem Structures* ⇒ *Biotic Diversity* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.2.1 Flora Diversity ⇒ 1<sup>st</sup> level: Abundance (macrophytes, phytobenthos), Percentage cover (macrophytes) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Phenology/seasonality of primary producers

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

#### **Indicators and explicit parameters**

Indicator: Abundance (macrophytes, Indicator: Phenology/seasonality primary phytobenthos), Percentage cover (macrophytes) producers Parameter: Abundance data (or other quantitative Parameter: Same taxonomic groups as 1. level data) on macrophytes, phytobenthos; parameters percentage cover (macrophytes); Focal vascular species (eg. sensitive to climate and land use change - anthropogenic effects, Habitat Directive) **Important related indices** Shannon, Simpson, Species turn-over, Rarefaction curves. Phylogenetic diversity, Population growth rate, Eutrophication indicators e.g. ROTT **Property: Frequency** Annual Weekly/monthly Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution Mostly summer. But in communities with strong Same as 1. level parameters seasonal gradients more than one sampling per year may be necessary (all species ocurring should be recorded). Phytobenthos: sampling after prolonged periods of low water is recommended to avoid atypical communities in areas of intermittent inundation

**Property: Basic spatial scale** 

Macrophytes: sampling of min. 100m reach, representative for the site, coverage of all microhabitats:

Phytobenthos: sampling of min. 20m reach, representative for the site, coverage of all microhabitats;

Sampling effort relative to microhabitat coverage within sampled reach

Same as 1. level parameters

#### **Property: Base Units**

%,

number

Same as 1. level parameters

#### Mandatory meta data

Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of description, method observations, biotope reference, design of sampling

Same as 1. level parameters

### Method applied (key words)

Macrophytes: Water Framework Directivecompliant vegetation relevee;

Phytobenthos: filamentous algae: estimate of percent coverage of each microhabitat, diatoms: at least 5 subsamples of approx. 100 cm<sup>2</sup> per reach, at least a pooled sample volume of 5ml sedimented **Phytobenthos** material; species detection 1000-1500 magnification, determination of min. 400 diatoms per sample

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Komarkowa et al. (1995).;

Ostrowska et al. (1991).

Schaumburg et al. (2004a, b, c) and Schaumburg et Handlungsanweisung (2005).ökologische Bewertung von Fließgewässern zur Umsetzung der EU-Wasserrahmenrichtlinie: Makrophyten und Phytobenthos, Projekt-Acronym **PHYLIB** 

Weyer (2003). LUA-Merkblatt 39, Essen;

http://wiki.flussgebiete.nrw.de/index.php/Leitfade n Monitoring Oberfl%C3%A4chengew%C3%A4sse r Teil A / Biologische Qualit%C3%A4tskompone nten

Komarkowa et al. (1995).;

Ostrowska et al. (1991).

Schaumburg et al. (2004a, b, c) and Schaumburg et al. (2005). Handlungsanweisung für die ökologische Bewertung von Fließgewässern zur Umsetzung der EU-Wasserrahmenrichtlinie: Makrophyten Phytobenthos, Projekt-Acronym PHYLIB

Weyer (2003). LUA-Merkblatt 39, Essen;

http://wiki.flussgebiete.nrw.de/index.php/Leitfade n Monitoring Oberfl%C3%A4chengew%C3%A4sse r Teil A / Biologische Qualit%C3%A4tskomponen ten

#### Method references: established, internationally applied

http://www.nsshare.com/publications/documents /Ecological%20Classification%20Tools/Methods%2 ts/Ecological%20Classification%20Tools/Method

http://www.nsshare.com/publications/documen

OManuals%20T1/Methods%20Manual%20I%20%2 ORiver%20Macrophyte.pdf;

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/water/water-framework/index\_en.html

s%20Manuals%20T1/Methods%20Manual%20I% 20%20River%20Macrophyte.pdf;

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/water/water-framework/index\_en.html

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#### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.2 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Macroinvertebrate abundances / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Biomass, phenology, age structure, emergence data

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

#### LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Macroinvertebrate abundances	Indicator: Biomass, phenology, age structure, emergence data	
Parameter: Densities of taxa on Operational taxa list (Detection of taxa to the lowest feasible taxonomic group)	Parameter: Same taxonomic groups as 1. level parameters	
Important related indices		
Shannon, Simpson,		
Species turn-over,		
Rarefaction curves,		
Phylogenetic diversity,		
Population growth rate;		
Indices indicating organic pollution and hydromorphological degradation (ASPT/Saprobic indices/Fauna Indices)		
Property: Frequency		
Annual	Monthly to yearly, depending on group	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Spring/summer; depends on stream type and ecoregion	Same as 1. level parameters	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Macroinvertebrates: sampling of min. 100m reach, representative for the site, coverage of all microhabitats;	Same as 1. level parameters	
Sampling effort relative to microhabitat coverage within sampled reach		
Property: Base Units		

Number	Same as 1. level parameters
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	Same as 1. level parameters
Method applied (key words)	
Water Framework Directive-compliant sampling protocol	Same as 1. level parameters
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
http://wiki.flussgebiete.nrw.de/index.php/Leitfade n_Monitoring_Oberfl%C3%A4chengew%C3%A4sse r_Teil_A_/_Biologische_Qualit%C3%A4tskompone nten;	http://wiki.flussgebiete.nrw.de/index.php/Leitfade n_Monitoring_Oberfl%C3%A4chengew%C3%A4sse r_Teil_A_/_Biologische_Qualit%C3%A4tskomponen ten;

### Method references: established, internationally applied

ad/bestimmung/

http://fame.boku.ac.at/downloads/D4_6_metrics_	
and_sampling_procedure.pdf;	

http://www.fliessgewaesserbewertung.de/downlo

ad/bestimmung/

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/water/water-framework/index\_en.html; AQEM/STAR protocols:

http://www.eu-star.at/pdf/Deliverable8.pdf

http://fame.boku.ac.at/downloads/D4\_6\_metric s\_and\_sampling\_procedure.pdf;

http://www.fliessgewaesserbewertung.de/downlo

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/water/water-framework/index\_en.html; AQEM/STAR protocols:

http://www.eu-star.at/pdf/Deliverable8.pdf

#### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.3 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Fish / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Biomass, phenology, age structure

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Fish	Indicator: Biomass, phenology, age structure
Parameter: Densities on full fish species list	<b>Parameter</b> : Same taxonomic groups as 1. level parameters
Important re	elated indices
Shannon, Simpson,	
Species turn-over,	
Rarefaction curves,	
Phylogenetic diversity,	
Population growth rate;	
Indices indicating organic pollution and hydromorphological degradation, e.g. European Fish Index	
Property:	Frequency
Annual	Monthly to yearly, depending on group
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Summer/fall; depends on stream type and ecoregion	Same as 1. level parameters
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Sampling of min. 200m reach (small stream), min 400m reach (large stream), coverage of all available microhabitats;	Same as 1. level parameters
Sampling effort relative to microhabitat coverage within sampled reach	
Property:	Base Units
Number	Same as 1. level parameters
Mandatory	meta data

Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	Same as 1. level parameters	
Method applie	ed (key words)	
Electrofishing: Water Framework Directive- compliant protocol	Same as 1. level parameters	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Dussling et al. (2004)	Dussling et al. (2004)	
Method references: established, internationally applied		
http://fame.boku.ac.at/downloads/manual_Version_Februar2005.pdf	http://fame.boku.ac.at/downloads/manual_Version_Februar2005.pdf	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.4 Within Habitat Structure  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: No high priority /  $2^{nd}$  level: Vegetation cover, shell beds

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	r r		
Indicator: No high priority	Indicator: Vegetation cover, shell beds		
Parameter:	Parameter: % coverage of ground, e.g. by submerged/emergent macrophytes, mussels,		
Important related indices			
Property:	Frequency		
	Yearly		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	asonality), temporal resolution		
	Summer, but depending on taxonomic group		
Property: Basic spatial scale			
	Plot		
Property:	Base Units		
	%		
Mandatory	y meta data		
	Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method appli	ed (key words)		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.5 Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Proportion of invasive/non-native species / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Proportion of invasive/non-native species based on biomass

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Proportion of invasive/non-native species	Indicator: Proportion of invasive/non-native species based on biomass	
<b>Parameter</b> : Relative species number, relative abundances in relation to native species	Parameter: Relative biomass in relation to native species	
Important related indices		
Proportion of invasive/non-native species in a group		
Property:	Frequency	
Monthly/yearly, depending on group	Monthly/yearly, depending on group	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All	All	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Single point (depending on lake size many points)	Single point (depending on lake size many points)	
Property: Base Units		
%	%	
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)		
Depends on taxon (macrophyte, phytobenthos, macroinvertebrate, fish)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
See individual taxonomic groups	See individual taxonomic groups	
	<u> </u>	

# Method references: established, internationally applied

See individual taxonomic groups

See individual taxonomic groups

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### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.2.6 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Sediment characterization / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Spatial substrate heterogeneity

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters			
Indicator: Sediment characterization	Indicator: Spatial substrate heterogeneity		
Parameter: Granulometric fractions, proportion organic contents	<b>Parameter</b> : Variability of substrate types between plots		
Important related indices			
Sediment substrate composition			
Property: Frequency			
After disturbance events/ yearly;	Same as 1. level parameters		
Depending on river type, longer intervals may be sufficient			
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution			
Not very important	Same as 1. level parameters		
Property: Basic spatial scale			
Generally three replicates per station	Same as 1. level parameters		
Property: Base Units			
%, concentrations,	Same as 1. level parameters		
Mandatory meta data			
Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	Same as 1. level parameters		
Method applied (key words)			
Box corer			
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied			

Method references: established, internationally applied

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### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Abiotic Heterogeneity

**Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

Water  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Turbidity, oxygen, conductivity, pH, water temperature, gauge level (or 8.2.7 discharge) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Turbidity, oxygen, conductivity, pH, water temperature, gauge level (or discharge)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Turbidity, oxygen, conductivity, pH, water temperature, gauge level (or discharge)	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Daily/monthly/seasonal/annual means, maxima, minima, amplitudes		
Property:	Frequency	
Ideal resolution: daily or higher measuring frequency.		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All year		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Depends on parameter, preferably SI units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description		
Method applied (key words)		
Loggers		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		

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### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.2.8 Air  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Temperature, wind direction, wind speed, precipitation	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Wind fetch		
Property: Frequency		
Continuous/daily, for analysis these data can be used to calculate monthly/seasonla/annual means		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Automatic sampling devices		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		

Method references: established, internationally applied

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### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Abiotic Heterogeneity

**Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

Habitat  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Habitat type diversity /  $2^{nd}$  level: 8.2.9

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Habitat type diversity	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Coverage of different microhabitat types	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Shannon,		
Spatial diversity indices		
Property: Frequency		
Annually		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Annual, together with biotic sampling		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Plot/stream reach		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

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### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.2.10 Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Hydromorphological intactness, land use in catchment / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Hydromorphological intactness, land use in catchment	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Hydromorphology of the stream reach, land use in catchment	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
5-annually		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Uncritical, best together with biotic sampling		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site/landscape		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Hydromorphology: WFD-compliant protocol (http://eur-		
lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELE X:32000L0060:EN:NOT);		
land use: CORINE/EUNIS land use/habitats;		

EU	Habitat	Directive	(connection	to	remote
sens	sing)				

### Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59&lang=en

http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59&lang=en

### Method references: established, internationally applied

APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical ana

APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical ana

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### **RIVER SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.11 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Radiation: total irradiance, PAR; Temperature: heat fluxes / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mardators and expirate parameters		
Indicator: Radiation: total irradiance, PAR; Temperature: heat fluxes	Indicator:	
Parameter: Air / water Temperature;	Parameter:	
Total irradience, PAR		
Important re	lated indices	
Temperature: daily/monthly/seasonal/annual means, maxima, minima, amplitudes		
Property:	Frequency	
Ideal resolution for temperature: daily or higher measuring frequency;		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
All year (temperature);		
Summer (PAR)		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property:	Base Units	
Diverse		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description		
Method applied (key words)		
Temperature loggers, remote sensing		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	

# Method references: established, internationally applied

WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/IM OP-home.html

IPC IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412&

IPC Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icp-forests-manual

lan=en

WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/I MOP-home.html

IPC IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

IPC Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icpforests-manual

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.12 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Energy storage

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and e	explicit parameters
Indicator:	Indicator: Energy storage
Parameter:	Parameter: Clorophyll a, Phytobenthos (etc.) biomass estimated from cell volume and abundance
Important	related indices
Property	: Frequency
	Monthly /fortnightly
Property: Time scale (incl. se	easonality), temporal resolution
	All
Property: Ba	sic spatial scale
	Station
Property	: Base Units
Mandato	ry meta data
	Location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description
Method app	lied (key words)
	Water column sampling, different levels (depths)
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied
Method references: estab	lished, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.13 E\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Heat fluxes, light reflection

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

maleators and expired parameters		
Indicator:	Indicator: Heat fluxes, light reflection	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
	Yearly	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
	Catchment scale	
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory meta data		
	Location, catchment data (e.g. size, biotope description), frequency of estimations	
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.2.14** E\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/ 2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator:	Indicator:	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.15 E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

illulcators and ex	tplicit parameters
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.16 M\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Nutrients (N, P) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Nutrients (N, P)	Indicator:
Parameter: Standard (ISO) methods; monthly maxima	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property:	Frequency
Monthly	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Site	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Location, plot/area size that this measurement is	
representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description	
Method applied (key words)	
Devices	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59⟨=en	http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59⟨=en
Method references: established, internationally applied	
APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le	APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le

acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical ana

acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical ana

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.17 M\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Living biomass / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Living biomass	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Biomass of main groups of aquatic organisms (mostly fish, benthic invertebrates, phytobenthos)	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Monthly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Point/plot measurement		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.18 M\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Drift rates, emergence data, harvesting / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator: Drift rates, emergence data, harvesting	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Drift rates of benthic invertebrates, fishing yields, biomass of emerging insects	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property:	Frequency
Variable	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Point/plot measurement	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description	
Method applied (key words)	
Drift rates: drift netting	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.2.19** M\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator:	Indicator:	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.20 M\_+C5efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

illulcators and ex	tplicit parameters
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.21 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Precipitation, discharge beginning / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Precipitation, discharge beginning	Indicator:	
Parameter: Precipitation, discharge beginning	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Ideal resolution: daily or higher measuring frequency		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
All year		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description		
Method applied (key words)		
Devices		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.22 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water retention, storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	•	
Indicator: Water retention, storage	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Water velocity (multiplied with section length and morphology, residence time and retention can be calculated)	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Daily		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All year		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.23 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Discharge end point / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Discharge end point	Indicator:	
Parameter: Discharge end point	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Ideal resolution: daily or higher measuring frequency		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All year		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
location, plot/area size that this measurement is representative for, frequency of observations, biotope description		
Method applied (key words)		
Devices		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.24 W\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/ 2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

illulcators and ex	tplicit parameters
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.2.25 W\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and ch	iphote parameters
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

# 8.3 Lake Systems



#### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *Ecosystem Structures* ⇒ *Biotic Diversity* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.3.1 Flora Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Diversity indices (taxonomic and/or functional) on primary producers / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Phenology/seasonality of primary producers; %blue-green algae

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

### **Indicators and explicit parameters**

**Indicator**: Diversity indices (taxonomic and/or Indicator: Phenology/seasonality primary producers; %blue-green algae functional) on primary producers Parameter: Species coverages, Parameter: Same taxonomic groups as 1. level densities or biomass/biovolume (depending on taxonomic parameters group), e.g. macrophyte coverages, biovolumes of Cyanobacteria (particularly bloomforming species; N2-fixers), Bacillariophyceae, Chlorophytes, Dinoflagellates, picopytoplankton Important related indices See species richness measures in Base units column; Shannon **Property: Frequency** Monthly /fortnightly (depending on taxonomic group), e.g macrophyte coverages (yearly during the growth season), Phytoplankton (monthly or fortnightly), Microphytobenthos (monthly or fortnightly). Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution ΑII Same as 1. level parameters **Property: Basic spatial scale** Single point (small lakes); Same as 1. level parameters Large lakes: several sampling points to cover within-lake heterogeneities **Property: Base Units** 

Species richness: no. of species/lake

Species density: number of species/m2 km2 or m3

Rarefied species richness: e.g. number of species/100 or 1000 sampled individuals

% of biomass (% abundance of particular phytoplankton taxa)

mg/m3 (biomass of particular phytoplankton taxa)

Same as 1. level parameters

### Mandatory meta data

Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling

Same as 1. level parameters

### Method applied (key words)

Vegetation relevees; Water column sampling, different levels (depths);

Consider collection with a pipe of integrated water sample from epilimnion/euphotic zone

### Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Bernatowicz S. & Wolny P. (1969). Botanika rybacka, Państwowe Wydawnictwo Rolnicze i Leśne, Warszawa, 421 str.;

Ozimek T.& Kowalczewski A. (1984). Long-term changes of the submerged macrophytes in eutrophic lake Mikołajskie (North Poland). Aquatic Botany 19 (1-2): 1-11.;

Wellburn A.R. (1994). J. Plant Physiol. 144: 307-313.;

http://www.ysi.com/parametersdetail.php?Chloro phyll-6;

http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do;jsessionid=DC4D0AC18742FC6CC3A2740B92181DD2.icts\_A?idioma=ingles

Bernatowicz S. & Wolny P. (1969). Botanika rybacka, Państwowe Wydawnictwo Rolnicze i Leśne, Warszawa, 421 str.;

Ozimek T.& Kowalczewski A. (1984). Long-term changes of the submerged macrophytes in eutrophic lake Mikołajskie (North Poland). Aquatic Botany 19 (1-2): 1-11.;

Wellburn A.R. (1994). J. Plant Physiol. 144: 307-313.;

http://www.ysi.com/parametersdetail.php?Chlorophyll-6;

http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do;jsessionid=DC4D0AC18742FC6CC3A2740B92181DD2.icts\_A?idioma=ingles

# Method references: established, internationally applied

MacIsaac EA & Stockner JG (1993). Enumeration of Phototrophic Picoplankton by Autofluorescence Microscopy. – In: Kemp, PF, Sherr BF, Sherr EB, Cole JJ(Eds): Handbook of methods in aquatic microbial ecology, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton, Ann Arbor, London, Tokyo: pp. 187-197; http://www.mountain-lakes.org/molar/

Wetzel & Likens (1991). Limnological analyses pp. 147-156

MacIsaac EA & Stockner JG (1993). Enumeration of Phototrophic Picoplankton by Autofluorescence Microscopy. – In: Kemp, PF, Sherr BF, Sherr EB, Cole JJ(Eds): Handbook of methods in aquatic microbial ecology, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton, Ann Arbor, London, Tokyo: pp. 187-197; http://www.mountainlakes.org/molar/

Wetzel & Likens (1991). Limnological analyses

EN 15204:2006 Water quality - Guidance standard on the enumeration of phytoplankton using inverted microscopy (Utermöhl technique) (describes a general procedure for the estimation of abundance and taxonomic composition of marine and freshwater phytoplankton by using inverted light microscopy and sedimentation chambers)

#### See:

www.cen.eu/cen/Sectors/TechnicalCommitteesW orkshops/CENTechnicalCommittees/Pages/Standards.aspx?param=6211&title=CEN/TC 230

EN 15460:2007. Water quality - Guidance standard for the surveying of macrophytes in lakes (The information provided by this method includes the composition and abundance of the aquatic macrophyte flora. For a complete assessment of ecological status, other elements of biological quality should also be assessed. The general principle of the approach described in this European Standard may also form the basis for the monitoring and assessment of macrophytes in lakes, for example, for conservation purposes.)

#### See:

http://www.cen.eu/cen/Sectors/TechnicalCommit teesWorkshops/CENTechnicalCommittees/Pages/S tandards.aspx?param=6211&title=CEN/TC%20230

pp. 147-156

EN 15204:2006 Water quality - Guidance standard on the enumeration of phytoplankton using inverted microscopy (Utermöhl technique) (describes a general procedure for estimation of abundance and taxonomic composition marine and freshwater of inverted phytoplankton by using light microscopy and sedimentation chambers)

#### See:

www.cen.eu/cen/Sectors/TechnicalCommittees Workshops/CENTechnicalCommittees/Pages/Standards.aspx?param=6211&title=CEN/TC 230

EN 15460:2007. Water quality - Guidance standard for the surveying of macrophytes in lakes (The information provided by this method includes the composition and abundance of the aquatic macrophyte flora. For a complete assessment of ecological status, other elements of biological quality should also be assessed. The general principle of the approach described in this European Standard may also form the basis for the monitoring and assessment of macrophytes in lakes, for example, for conservation purposes.)

#### See:

http://www.cen.eu/cen/Sectors/TechnicalComm itteesWorkshops/CENTechnicalCommittees/Pag es/Standards.aspx?param=6211&title=CEN/TC% 20230

#### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *Ecosystem Structures* ⇒ *Biotic Diversity* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.3.2 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Diversity indices (taxonomic and/or functional) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Biomass, phenology, age structure

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

### **Indicators and explicit parameters**

Indicator: Diversity indices (taxonomic and/or functional)

Parameter: Species abundances, e.g. rotifers, crustacean zooplankton, copepods, benthic invertebrates ...

Indicator: Biomass, phenology, age structure

Parameter: same taxonomic groups as 1. level parameters

### **Important related indices**

E.g. % Abundance of cyprinid fish, for other indices see Base units column;

Shannon; Species richness: no. of species/lake

Species density: number of species/sampled area

Rarefied species richness: e.g. number of species/100 or 1 000 sampled individuals

Percent (%) similarity to the model community (PMA, see important indices)

Biomass g/m2

Percent model affinity. This index is based on model community comprising the communities of refence site i.e. the sites of pristine or near-natural conditions. Suitable for any group of organisms actually, you just need to comprise reference model community.

Benthic Quality Index (Suitable for assessment of eutrophication and oxygen conditions of hypolimnial zone in Northern Europe.) The index is based on few profundal (deep bottom) macroinvertebrate taxa.

### **Property: Frequency**

Monthly/yearly, depending on group Mo

Monthly to yearly, depending on group

**Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution** 

Property: Basic spatial scale

Single point (depending on lake size many points)

Same as 1. level parameters

Same as 1. level parameters

#### **Property: Base Units**

Species richness: no. of species/lake

Species density: number of species/m2 or km2

Rarefied species richness: e.g. number of species/100 or 1 000 sampled individuals

% of biomass (% abundance of particular taxa of interest)

mg/m3 (biomass of particular zooplankton taxa of interest)

Catch per unit of effort in gill-net fishing: e.g. kg/gill-net/day or no. of ind./gill-net/day Same as 1. level parameters

#### Mandatory meta data

Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling

Same as 1. level parameters

## Method applied (key words)

Fish relevees; Water column sampling, different levels (depths);

Consider collection with a pipe of integrated water sample from epilimnion/euphotic zone

Same as 1. level parameters

#### Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Fish: Bíró et al. (2003). Hydrobiologia 506-509: 459-464

Macroinvertebrates and zoobenthos: Specziár & Bíró (1998). Hydrobiologia 389: 203-216

Zooplankton: Parpala et al. (2003). Hydrobiologia 506-509: 347-351;

BQI: Wiederholm (1980). Journal of Water Pollution Control Federation 52: 537-547

PMA: Novak M.A. & Bode R.W. (1992). Journal of North American Benthological Society 11: 80-85

Gerking, S.D. (1957). Ecology 38: 219-226.

Kołodziejczyk A. (1984). Occurrence of Gastropoda in the lake littoral and their role in the production and transformation of detritus. I. Snails in the littoral of Mikołajskie Lake – general

Fish: Bíró et al. (2003). Hydrobiologia 506-509: 459-464

Macroinvertebrates and zoobenthos: Specziár & Bíró (1998). Hydrobiologia 389: 203-216

Zooplankton: Parpala et al. (2003). Hydrobiologia 506-509: 347-351;

BQI: Wiederholm (1980). Journal of Water Pollution Control Federation 52: 537-547

PMA: Novak M.A. & Bode R.W. (1992). Journal of North American Benthological Society 11: 80-85

Gerking, S.D. (1957). Ecology 38: 219-226.

Kołodziejczyk A. (1984). Occurrence of Gastropoda in the lake littoral and their role in the production and transformation of detritus. I. Snails in the littoral of Mikołajskie Lake – general characteristics

characteristics of occurrence. Ekol. pol. 32: 441-468.; Żadin W.I. 1966. Metody badań hydrobiologicznych. Państwowe Wydawnictwo Naukowe, Warszawa, 293 str.;

Lewandowski K. & Stńczykowska A. (1975). The occurrence and role of bivalves of the family Unionidae in Mikołajskie Lake. Ekol. pol. 23: 317-334.;

Macan T.T. (1977). A key to the British fresh- and brackish-water gastropods. Freshwater Biological Association, 17, 46 pp.;

Piechocki A. (1979). Mięczaki (Mollusca). Ślimaki (Gastropoda). Fauna Słodkowodna Polski 7, PWN, Warszawa-Poznań, 187 str.;

Piechocki A. & Dyduch-Falniowska A. (1993). Mięczaki (Mollusca). Małże (Bivalvia.) Fauna Słodkowodna Polski 7 A, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa, 204 str.;

Rybak J.I. & Błędzki L.A. (2010). Słodkowodne skorupiaki planktonowe. Klucz do oznaczania gatunków. Wydawnictwa UW, Warszawa, 366 str.;

Freshwater Biology (2009) 54, 2252-2262;

Tolonen & Hämäläinen (2010). Fundamental and Applied Limnology 176/1: 43-59. For comparison of cost efficiencies of different sampling methods used for macroinvertebrates to detect anthropogenic impacts on lake littoral zone.

http://observatoriosierranevada.iecolab.es/index.php/Trucha;

http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do;jse ssionid=DC4D0AC18742FC6CC3A2740B92181DD2.i cts A?idioma=ingles of occurrence. Ekol. pol. 32: 441-468.; Żadin W.I. 1966. Metody badań hydrobiologicznych. Państwowe Wydawnictwo Naukowe, Warszawa, 293 str.;

Lewandowski K. & Stńczykowska A. (1975). The occurrence and role of bivalves of the family Unionidae in Mikołajskie Lake. Ekol. pol. 23: 317-334.;

Macan T.T. (1977). A key to the British fresh- and brackish-water gastropods. Freshwater Biological Association, 17, 46 pp.;

Piechocki A. (1979). Mięczaki (Mollusca). Ślimaki (Gastropoda). Fauna Słodkowodna Polski 7, PWN, Warszawa-Poznań, 187 str.;

Piechocki A. & Dyduch-Falniowska A. (1993). Mięczaki (Mollusca). Małże (Bivalvia.) Fauna Słodkowodna Polski 7 A, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa, 204 str.;

Rybak J.I. & Błędzki L.A. (2010). Słodkowodne skorupiaki planktonowe. Klucz do oznaczania gatunków. Wydawnictwa UW, Warszawa, 366 str.;

Freshwater Biology (2009) 54, 2252-2262;

Tolonen & Hämäläinen (2010). Fundamental and Applied Limnology 176/1: 43-59. For comparison of cost efficiencies of different sampling methods used for macroinvertebrates to detect anthropogenic impacts on lake littoral zone.

http://observatoriosierranevada.iecolab.es/index.php/Trucha;

http://icts.ebd.csic.es/CambiarIdiomaAction.do;jsessionid=DC4D0AC18742FC6CC3A2740B92181DD2.icts\_A?idioma=ingles

# Method references: established, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.3 Within habitat structure  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: No high priority /  $2^{nd}$  level: Vegetation cover, shell beds

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	tpricit parameters
Indicator: No high priority	Indicator: Vegetation cover, shell beds
Parameter:	<b>Parameter</b> : % coverage of ground, e.g. by submerged/emergent macrophytes, mussels,
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
	Yearly
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
	Summer, but depending on taxonomic group
Property: Basic spatial scale	
	Plot
Property: Base Units	
	%
Mandatory meta data	
	Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.4 Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Proportion of invasive/non-native species / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Proportion of invasive/non-native species

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

## LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	photo parameters
Indicator: Proportion of invasive/non-native species	Indicator: Proportion of invasive/non-native species
<b>Parameter</b> : Relative species number, relative abundances in relation to native species	<b>Parameter</b> : Relative biomass in relation to native species
Important re	elated indices
Property:	Frequency
Monthly/yearly, depending on group	Monthly/yearly, depending on group
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	All
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Single point (depending on lake size many points)	Single point (depending on lake size many points)
Property: Base Units	
%	%
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	Survey date, location, plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling
Method applied (key words)	
Vegetation relevees; fish relevees;	
Water column sampling, different levels (depths);	
Consider collection with a pipe of integrated water sample from epilimnion/euphotic zone	
	<u> </u>

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.3.5 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Particle size distribution / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Spatial substrate heterogeneity

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Spatial substrate heterogeneity		
Parameter: Variability of substrate types between plots		
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Same as 1. level parameters		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Same as 1. level parameters		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Same as 1. level parameters		
Property: Base Units		
Same as 1. level parameters		
Mandatory meta data		
Same as 1. level parameters		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		

Method references: established, internationally applied

#### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.3.6 Water  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Seasonal/annual dynamics of Temperature, Salinity, Oxygen, pH, Nutrients, conductivity/salinity, transparancy, water color, ... / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Seasonal/annual dynamics of Temperature, Salinity, Oxygen, pH, Nutrients, conductivity/salinity, transparancy, water color,	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Temperature (from surface to the bottom),	Parameter: Ice cover (thickness, duration)
Oxygen (from surface to the bottom),	
Nutrient concentrations (TP, TN, Si),	
pH, salinity/conductivity,	
Secchi depth, water color,	
Important re	elated indices
TPmix, C:P stochiometry, C:N stociometry epilimnion thickness	
Property:	Frequency
Monthly /fortnightly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale
Point measures (for large lakes several points are necessary). The best solution is to have the information of this parameters in the same point of the biotic indicators.	
Property: Base Units	
Oxygen saturation: % of the maximum	
Oxygen concentration: mg/l	
Nutrient concentrations: μg/l or mg/l	

#### **Mandatory meta data**

Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling

## Method applied (key words)

Water column sampling/ different levels (depths)

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59&lang=en

http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59&lang=en

## Method references: established, internationally applied

APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical analysis of fresh waters. I.B.P. N. 8. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford: 214 pp.

Greenberg et al. (1992)

Peczuła et al. (2003). Factors controlling hydrochemical and trophic state variables in 86 shallow lakes in Europe Hydrobiologia 506-509 (1): 51-58.

EN ISO 6878:2004. Water quality - Determination phosphorus Ammonium molybdate spectrometric method (ISO 6878:2004). (specifies methods for the determination orthophosphate, orthophosphate after solvent extraction, hydrolysable phosphate plus orthophosphate, and total phosphorus after decomposition. The methods are applicable to all kinds of water including seawater and effluents.)

EN ISO 15681-1:2004. Water quality - Determination of orthophosphate and total phosphorus contents by flow analysis (FIA and CFA) - Part 1: Method by flow injection analysis (FIA) (ISO 15681-1:2003). (specifies flow injection analysis (FIA) methods for the determination of orthophosphate in the mass concentration range from 0,01 mg/l to 1,0 mg/l (P), and total phosphorus by manual digestion for the mass concentration range from 0,1 mg/l to 10 mg/l (P). ISO 15681-1:2003 is applicable to various types of

APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical analysis of fresh waters. I.B.P. N. 8. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford: 214 pp.

Greenberg et al. (1992)

Peczuła et al. (2003). Factors controlling hydrochemical and trophic state variables in 86 shallow lakes in Europe Hydrobiologia 506-509 (1): 51-58.

ΕN ISO 6878:2004. Water quality Determination of phosphorus -Ammonium molybdate spectrometric method (ISO 6878:2004). (specifies methods for the determination of orthophosphate, orthophosphate solvent extraction, after hydrolysable phosphate plus orthophosphate, and total phosphorus after decomposition. The methods are applicable to all kinds of water including seawater and effluents.)

EN ISO 15681-1:2004. Water quality - Determination of orthophosphate and total phosphorus contents by flow analysis (FIA and CFA) - Part 1: Method by flow injection analysis (FIA) (ISO 15681-1:2003). (specifies flow injection analysis (FIA) methods for the determination of orthophosphate in the mass concentration range from 0,01 mg/l to 1,0 mg/l (P), and total phosphorus by manual digestion for the mass concentration range from 0,1 mg/l

water (such as ground, drinking, surface, leachate and waste waters)).

EN ISO 11905-1:1998. Water quality - Determination of nitrogen - Part 1: Method using oxidative digestion with peroxodisulfate (ISO 11905-1:1997). (This international/European standard specifies a method for the determination of nitrogen present in water, in the form of free ammonia, ammonium, nitrite, nitrate and organic nitrogen compounds capable of conversion to nitrate under the oxidative conditions described.)

EN ISO 11732:2005. Water quality - Determination of ammonium nitrogen - Method by flow analysis (CFA and FIA) and spectrometric detection (ISO 11732:2005). (specifies methods suitable for the determination of ammonium nitrogen in various types of waters (such as ground, drinking, surface, and waste waters) in mass concentrations ranging from 0,1 mg/l to 10 mg/l applying either FIA or CFA.)

EN ISO 13395:1996. Water quality - Determination of nitrite nitrogen and nitrate nitrogen and the sum of both by flow analysis (CFA and FIA) and spectrometric detection (ISO 13395:1996). (According to the methods specified in this document nitrite and nitrate by be determined in large sample series and a high analysis frequency)

EN 25813:1992. Water quality - Determination of dissolved oxygen - Iodometric method (ISO 5813:1983). (Specifies the so-called Winkler procedure modified in order to make allowance for certain interferences. It is the reference procedure and applicable to all types of water having concentrations greater than 0,2 mg/l, up to double saturation, which are free from interfering substances.)

EN 25814:1992. Water quality - Determination of dissolved oxygen - Electrotechnical probe method (ISO 5814:1990). Includes a procedure by means of an electrochemical cell which is isolated from the by a gas permeable membrane. (Depending on the type of probe employed measurement can be made either concentration of oxygen, percentage saturation or both. The procedure is suitable for measurements made in the field and for continuous monitoring and in the laboratory. It is the preferred procedure for highly coloured and turbid waters. It is suitable for natural, waste and saline waters.); water color: Nõges, P., Nõges, T., Tuvikene, L., Smal, H., Ligeza, to 10 mg/l (P). ISO 15681-1:2003 is applicable to various types of water (such as ground, drinking, surface, leachate and waste waters)).

EN ISO 11905-1:1998. Water quality - Determination of nitrogen - Part 1: Method using oxidative digestion with peroxodisulfate (ISO 11905-1:1997). (This international/European standard specifies a method for the determination of nitrogen present in water, in the form of free ammonia, ammonium, nitrite, nitrate and organic nitrogen compounds capable of conversion to nitrate under the oxidative conditions described.)

EN ISO 11732:2005. Water quality - Determination of ammonium nitrogen - Method by flow analysis (CFA and FIA) and spectrometric detection (ISO 11732:2005). (specifies methods suitable for the determination of ammonium nitrogen in various types of waters (such as ground, drinking, surface, and waste waters) in mass concentrations ranging from 0,1 mg/l to 10 mg/l applying either FIA or CFA.)

EN ISO 13395:1996. Water quality - Determination of nitrite nitrogen and nitrate nitrogen and the sum of both by flow analysis (CFA and FIA) and spectrometric detection (ISO 13395:1996). (According to the methods specified in this document nitrite and nitrate by be determined in large sample series and a high analysis frequency)

EN 25813:1992. Water quality - Determination of dissolved oxygen - Iodometric method (ISO 5813:1983). (Specifies the so-called Winkler procedure modified in order to make allowance for certain interferences. It is the reference procedure and applicable to all types of water having concentrations greater than 0,2 mg/l, up to double saturation, which are free from interfering substances.)

EN 25814:1992. Water quality - Determination of dissolved oxygen - Electrotechnical probe method (ISO 5814:1990). Includes a procedure by means of an electrochemical cell which is isolated from the sample by a gas permeable membrane. (Depending on the type of probe employed measurement can be made either as concentration of oxygen, percentage saturation or both. The procedure is suitable for measurements made in the field and for continuous monitoring and in the laboratory. It is

S., Kornijów,

the preferred procedure for highly coloured and turbid waters. It is suitable for natural, waste and saline waters.); water color: Nõges, P., Nõges, T., Tuvikene, L., Smal, H., Ligęza, S., Kornijów,

### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Abiotic Heterogeneity

**Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.7 Air  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 2 Indicator LEVEL 1 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters	
<b>Indicator</b> : Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.)	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Temperature, wind direction, wind speed, precipitation	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Wind fetch	
Property: Frequency	
Continuous/daily, for analysis these data can be used to calculate monthly/seasonal/annual means	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Site	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	
Automatic sampling devices	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	

### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

**8.3.8** Habitat  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Transparency, thermoclines and other "clines" / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Transparency, thermoclines and other "clines"	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Secchi depth, colour (concentration of humic substances) and turbidity;	Parameter:
Light extinction coefficient, oxygen	
Important related indices	
Schmidt stability, euphotic depth	
Property:	Frequency
Monthly /fortnightly	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Single point	
Property:	Base Units
Mandatory	/ meta data
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	
Underwater measurement of photosynthetically actice radiation;	
Secchi disk visibility or photometer	

# Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

# Method references: established, internationally applied

EN ISO 7027:1999. Water quality - Determination of turbidity (ISO 7027:1999). Deter

EN ISO 7027:1999. Water quality Determination of turbidity (ISO 7027:1999).

## **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.3.9 Habitat  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Habitat type diversity /  $2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Habitat type diversity	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Coverage of different microhabitat types (e.g. %proportion of littoral habitat types of the shoreline like stony, sandy, soft-organic bottom, vegetated)	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Shannon, spatial diversity indices	
Property: Frequency	
Annually	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution
Annual, together with biotic sampling	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Plot/whole lake	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied

Method references: established, internationally applied

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

**8.3.10** Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Catchment land use / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	phote parameters
Indicator: Catchment land use	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : % coverage of land use classes of CORINE land cover	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Annual	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

## **LAKE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.11 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Radiation: Total irradiance, PAR;

8.3.12 Temperature: heat fluxes / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Radiation: Total irradiance, PAR;	Indicator:	
Temperature: heat fluxes		
Parameter: Air / water Temperature;	Parameter:	
Total irradience, PAR		
Important related indices		
Temperature: daily/monthly/seasonal/annual means, maxima, minima, amplitudes		
Property: Frequency		
Daily		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
All year (temperature) summer (chl a)		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
	Base Units	
	Base Units	
Property: °C, etc.	Base Units  meta data	
Property: °C, etc.		
Property:  °C, etc.  Mandatory  Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Property:  °C, etc.  Mandatory  Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	meta data	
Property:  °C, etc.  Mandatory  Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling  Method applie	meta data	

# Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

## Method references: established, internationally applied

WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/IM OP-home.html

http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=6412& lan=en

IPC Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icpforests-manual WMO - World Meteorological Organization => http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/I MOP-home.html

IPC IM => http://www.ymparisto.fi/default.asp?node=641 2&lan=en

IPC Forests => http://icp-forests.net/page/icpforests-manual

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.13 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Energy storage / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

The state of the s		
Indicator: Energy storage	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Clorophyll a, Phytoplankton (etc.) biomass estimated from cell volume and abundance	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property:	Frequency	
Monthly /fortnightly		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Station		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Water column sampling, different levels (depths)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

#### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.14 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Chlorophyll a, phytoplankton biomass, zooplankton biomass, planktivorous fish biomass, piscivorous fish biomass, profundal macroinvertebrate biomass (focus on pelagic system). Macrophyte biomass, periphyton biomass, littoral macroinvertebrate biomass, lit / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

# **Indicators and explicit parameters**

**Indicator**: Chlorophyll a. phytoplankton biomass. **Indicator**:

zooplankton biomass, planktivorous fish biomass, piscivorous fish biomass, profundal macroinvertebrate biomass (focus on pelagic system). Macrophyte biomass, periphyton biomass, littoral macroinvertebrate biomass, lit	
<b>Parameter</b> : Total system throughput, overhead on imports, overhead on exports,	Parameter:
Average mutual information,	
Ascendency, capacity,	
Dissipative overhead,	
Redundancy, Finn cycling index	
Important related indices	
Averaged values	
Property: Frequency	
Monthly /fortnightly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Station	
Property: Base Units	
C budgets	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and	

depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling

# Method applied (key words)

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

Bondavalli C. et al. (2006). Detecting stress at the whole ecosystem level. The case of a mountain lake: Lake Santo (Italy). Ecosystems 9: 768-787.

Bondavalli C. et al. (2006). Detecting stress at the whole ecosystem level. The case of a mountain lake: Lake Santo (Italy). Ecosystems 9: 768-787.

## Method references: established, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.15 E\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Heat fluxes, light reflection / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	phote parameters
Indicator: Heat fluxes, light reflection	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Yearly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Basin scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Model	
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.3.16** E\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/ 2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.3.17** E\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Radiation balance /  $2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator: Radiation balance	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	lated indices
Property:	Frequency
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.18 M\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Nutrient inputs via precipitation, run-off, ... / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

$\label{eq:location} \textbf{Indicator} : \mbox{Nutrient inputs via precipitation, runoff, } \dots$	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : DOC, POC, Total N, Total P, soluble reactive phosphorus (SPR),	Parameter:
NO3-N, NH4-N	
Important related indices	
Stoichiometric ratios	
Property: Frequency	
Monthly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Point/plot measurement	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	
Water column sampling, different levels (depths)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59⟨=	http://www.idrolab.ise.cnr.it/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=71&Itemid=59⟨=
• • • •	

en en

## Method references: established, internationally applied

APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical analysis of fresh waters. I.B.P. N. 8. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford: 214 pp.

Greenberg et al. (1992)

APAT IRSA -CNR (2003), Metodi analitici per le acque. Manuali e linee guida 29/2003;

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Edition;

Goltermann, H.L., R. S. Clymo & M. A. M. Ohnstad. 1978. Method for physical and chemical analysis of fresh waters. I.B.P. N. 8. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford: 214 pp.

Greenberg et al. (1992)

#### **LAKE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes 

Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator 

recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.19 M\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Living biomass, biologically available carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus in water and sediments / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Living biomass, biologically available carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus in water and sediments	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Biomass, DOC, POC, Total N, Total P, soluble reactive phosphorus (SPR),	Parameter:
NO3-N, NH4-N	
Important related indices	
Average POC	
Property: Frequency	
Monthly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Point/plot measurement	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	
Water column sampling, different levels (depths)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	

#### LAKE SYSTEMS

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.20 M\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Sedimentation, harvesting, outflow / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Mass emergence of insects, sediment removal, other losses

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Sedimentation, harvesting, outflow	Indicator: Mass emergence of insects, sediment
	removal, other losses
Parameter: Sediment mass and contents;	Parameter:
DOC, POC etc in outflow,	
Fishing yields	
Important related indices	
Sedimentation rate	
Property: Frequency	
Yearly integrated	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Point / plot / whole lake	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	
Sediment traps integrated measure for unit area	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	

Method references: established, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.3.21** M\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	lated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

#### LAKE SYSTEMS

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes 

Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator 

recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.22  $M_+$ +C5efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Trophic transfer efficency, matter breakdown rates /  $2^{nd}$  level:

### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Trophic transfer efficency, matter breakdown rates	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Ratios of consumers' production or biomass to that of next lower trophic level	Parameter:
e.g. Production of primary consumers (kg C/ha/year)/Primary production (kg C/ha/year)	
or Production of secondary consumers/Production of primary consumers	
or Carbon biomass	
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Yearly integrated	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Plot	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	
Method applied (key words)	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.23  $M_++C5$  efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Production / biomass ratio /  $2^{nd}$  level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Production / biomass ratio	Indicator:	
Parameter: Ratios of primanry production (kg C/ha/year) / Total living biomass (kg C/ha)	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Yearly integrated		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Plot		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.24 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Catchment input, precipitation / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Catchment input, precipitation	Indicator:	
Parameter: Precipitation,	Parameter:	
Discharge of inflowing streams,		
Groundwater inflow		
Important re	lated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Daily		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Basin scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.25 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Water level / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Water volume

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Water level	Indicator: Water volume	
Parameter: Water level	Parameter: Water level (calculated when basin morphology is known)	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Daily/weekly	Same as 1. level parameters	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All	Same as 1. level parameters	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Basin scale	Same as 1. level parameters	
Property: Base Units		
cm	Same as 1. level parameters	
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling	Same as 1. level parameters	
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.26 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Evaporation, outflow / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Evaporation, outflow	Indicator:	
Parameter: Discharge of outflowing stream,	Parameter:	
Evaporation		
Important re	elated indices	
Annual outflow, residence time		
Property: Frequency		
Daily/weekly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Basin scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date, location (latitude, longitude and depth), plot/area size, frequency of observations, biotope description, method reference, design of sampling		
Method applied (key words)		
Measurement/ model		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.27 W\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/ 2^{nd}$  level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator:	Indicator:	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
Property:	Base Units	
Mandatory meta data		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.3.28 W\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator:	Indicator:	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basi	ic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory	y meta data	
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

# **8.4** Marine Systems



#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *Ecosystem Structures* ⇒ *Biotic Diversity* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.1 Flora Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: List of species, absolute and relative abundance, diversity index. / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Phytoplankton: cell size, alien species, harmful species.

#### INDICATOR FACT SHEET

**LEVEL 1 Indicator** LEVEL 2 Indicator

#### **Indicators and explicit parameters**

Indicator: List of species, absolute and relative Indicator: Phytoplankton: cell size, alien species, abundance, diversity index. harmful species. Parameter: Phytoplankton and Parameter: Presence, absence, % abundance, cell microphytobenthos: species richness, total and % size measurements abundance and biomass of Bacillariophyceae, Prymnesiophyceae, Dinoflagellates, Nanoflagellates and Cyanobacteria. Macrophyte composition and biomass **Important related indices** Shannon. Phytoplankton: presence/absence, % abundance, size Hulburt, Margalef, Menhinick. **Property: Frequency** Phytoplankton: monthly/fortnightly; Phytoplankton: monthly. Macrophytes and microphytobenthos: "seasonal", i.e. 3 times the year, late winter, spring and summer. Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution ΑII ΑII **Property: Basic spatial scale** One single sampling station for phytoplankton, Phytoplankton: one single sampling station, considering the best fit with considering the best fit with vertical (water vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability; column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability

for microphytobenthos habitat structure must be

HS:

taken into account

transects

macrophytes,

#### **Property: Base Units**

Phytoplankton: cells l-1 (abundance), ②g C m-3 (biomass).

Microphytobenthos abundance is related to unit of the substrate (either surface or weight of the macrophyte or of the sediment sampled to which the microphytobenthos is associated) Phytoplankton: cells ml-1 (abundance), mm (Equivalent Spherical Diameter: cell size)

#### Mandatory meta data

Phytoplankton: survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference.

Phytoplankton: survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference.

Cell size: number of cells enumerated, biovolume estimation method and Carbon transformation method.

# Method applied (key words)

Water column sampling (Niskin bottles), different levels (depths) for phytoplankton;

Net samples collected at the same dates;

Macrophytes: transect mapping, for microphytobenthos selected sites along the transect, representative for the respective substrate available at the depth stages

Phytoplankton: water column sampling (Niskin bottles), different levels (depths)

# Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

# Method references: established, internationally applied

UNESCO (2010). Microscopic and molecular methods for quantitative phytoplankton analysis.

UNESCO and IOC (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission). Manuals and Guides 55

UNESCO (2010). Microscopic and molecular methods for quantitative phytoplankton analysis.

UNESCO and IOC (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission). Manuals and Guides 55

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.2 Flora Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Seagrasses: number of species and abundance. For macro and microphytobenthos epiphytes: list and abundance of species / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Seagrasses: number of species and abundance. For macro and microphytobenthos epiphytes: list and abundance of species	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Seagrasses: presence, cover, shoot density, genetic diversity.	Parameter:	
Macro and microphytobenthos: presence and cover of Rhodophyta, Ochrophyta, Chlorophyta, R/O, Diatoms, morpho-functional groups.		
Important related indices		
Seagrasses: density classes and G/N for genetic diversity.		
Epiphytes: Shannon-Wiener, R/O		
Property: Frequency		
Seagrass density: once in a year		
Seasonal for the other parameters		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Several sampling stations according to the depth gradient		
Property: Base Units		
Seagrass: density = no. of shoots m-2		
Macroepiphytes: cover = % of leaf area.		
Diatoms: no. of cells in 1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> .		
Mandatory meta data		

Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference

# Method applied (key words)

Seagrasses: shoot density. 10 shoot counts are performed by trained operators each within 1600cm2 quadrats; mean value is reported to 1 squre meter.

Macroalgal epiphytes: 20 shoots are sampled in areas of the meadow with homogeneous characteristics. The covering of individual species or of groups of species is assessed in terms of leaf area covered by the orthogonal projection of the alga onto the leaf.

Microepiphytes: 5 shoots are sampled, 3 fragments of 1 cm2 in the basal, central and distal part of the blade are selected and a total surface of 1.25 mm2 is observed by SEM. Genomic DNA is extracted from each single shoot

## Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied

# Method references: established, internationally applied

Buia et al. (2004).

Mazzella et al. (1994).

Migliaccio et al. (2005).

Buia et al. (2004).

Mazzella et al. (1994).

Migliaccio et al. (2005).

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *Ecosystem Structures* ⇒ *Biotic Diversity* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.4.3 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: List of species, abundance, diversity index / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Mesozooplankton: alien species, organisms size; Zoobenthos composition and biomass; Zooplankton seasonality

#### INDICATOR FACT SHEET

LEVEL 1 Indicator

**LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

## **Indicators and explicit parameters**

**Indicator**: List of species, abundance, diversity Indicator: Mesozooplankton: alien species, index organisms size; Zoobenthos composition and biomass; Zooplankton seasonality Parameter: Micro and mesozooplankton: species Parameter: Mesozooplankton: presence, absence, richness, % abundance of at least of the major % abundance, organisms size measurements, ratio classes of juveniles to adults (for reproductive index) **Important related indices** Shannon, Zooplankton: presence/absence, % abundance, size Margalef, Reproductive index as a sign of persistency and success of zooplankton populations Pielou, Simpson **Property: Frequency** Zooplankton: monthly / fortnightly Zooplankton: monthly As above for macrozoobenthos, Nekton needs to be investigated by a different approach, it cannot be taken at "points" and recruitement as well as population age structure must be taken into account Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution Αll ΑII **Property: Basic spatial scale** single One single sampling station for zooplankton, Zooplankton: one sampling considering the best fit with vertical (water considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability **Property: Base Units** 

Zooplankton: ind m-3

Mesozooplankton: ind m-3 (abundance), mm (cell

# Method references: established, internationally applied

Harris et al. (2000) Harris et al. (2000)

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.4 Fauna Diversity  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: List of species, abundance, diversity index /  $2^{nd}$  level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

The state of the s		
<b>Indicator</b> : List of species, abundance, diversity index	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Identity and abundance of selected groups of Annelida, Molluscs, Crustaceans	Parameter:	
Important re	lated indices	
Shannon-Wiener,		
Equitability,		
Index of Borers (IB)		
Property: Frequency		
Seasonal		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Several sampling stations along the depth gradient of the seagrass bed		
Property: Base Units		
Ind m-2		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
The sampling of the motile macro-invertebrates is conducted with a quantitative method: a suction device (air lift) in a fixed standardized area (1m2). A semi-quantitative method is represented by the		

hand-towed net but it has to be used on largewr areas.	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	
Buia et al. (2004).	Buia et al. (2004).

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.5 Within Habitat Structure  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/2^{nd}$  level: PVI; community composition, epiphyte cover

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and ex	cplicit parameters
Indicator:	<b>Indicator</b> : PVI; community composition, epiphyte cover
Parameter:	Parameter: Percentage volume infested by macrophytes (PVI);
	Seasonality of phytoplankton
Important related indices	
	Recent maximum depth versus "historical depth"
Property: Frequency	
	Annual
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
	Spring/summer
Property: Basic spatial scale	
	Transect
Property: Base Units	
	Maximum depth of selected "indicator species"
Mandatory	y meta data
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Krause-Jensen et al. 2008; Steinhardt et al. 2009	Krause-Jensen et al. 2008; Steinhardt et al. 2009
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied
Orfanidis et al. (2001) - but inapplicable for the Baltic Sea	Orfanidis et al. (2001) - but inapplicable for the Baltic Sea

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.6 Within Habitat Structure  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Abundance, biomass, phenology / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Presence of macroalgal invasive species

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Abundance, biomass, phenology	Indicator: Presence of macroalgal invasive species	
<b>Parameter</b> : Shoot density, plant biomass, leaf standing crop, leaf formation and senescence, flowering	Parameter: Presence, absence	
Important re	elated indices	
Density classes, plastochrone intervals, Co A		
Property: Frequency		
Annual, seasonal and monthly	Annual	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All	all	
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Shoot density: ten random replicates for each sampling depth. Plant biomass and phenology: 20 random replicates for sampling depth.	Shallow and deep beds	
Property: Base Units		
No. of shoots m-2 for density;	Presence, absence	
grams per m-2 for LSC		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	Survey date and time, location, site depth,	
Method applied (key words)		
Density: 10 shoot counts are performed by trained operators each within 1600cm2 quadrats; the mean value is reported to $1\mathrm{m}^2$ .		

LSC: 20 shoots are collected, dried and weighed to gram, the mean dw per shoot is multiplied for the mean density m-2.		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		
Buia et al. (2004)	Buia et al. (2004)	

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.7 Additional Variables 

1st level: Abundance, biomass, functional diversity / 2nd level: Dominancy of "alien species"

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Abundance, biomass, functional diversity	Indicator: Dominancy of "alien species"	
<b>Parameter</b> : Structure of the whole plankton compartment: totale and % abundance and biomass of each plankton compartment	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Autotrophic/heterotrophic ratio		
Property:	Frequency	
Monthly/fortnightly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability		
Property: Base Units		
Cells I-1 (abundance), 2g C m-3 (biomass).		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Water column sampling (Niskin bottles), different levels (depths)		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	

## **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Biotic Diversity

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.8 Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level: Seagrass: shoot density and plant production /  $2^{nd}$  level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Seagrass: shoot density and plant production	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Number of shoots, annual rhizome production and elongation, annual leaf production	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Annual		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
Annual		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Shoot density: ten random replicates for each sampling depth.		
Property: Base Units		
No. of shoots per m-2, mg/rh/y, mm/rh/y, no. of leaves/sh/y		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Annual Plant production is evaluated by the lepidochronological method, based on the cyclical variation in thickness of the leaf scales. Starting from the date of sampling, the rhizome can be back-dated and thus its production can be assessed for the lepidochronological years		

Buia et al. (2004).

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Buia et al. (2004).

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#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.4.9 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Sediment characterization (by observation and instrumental analyses) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

<b>Indicator</b> : Sediment characterization (by observation and instrumental analyses)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Porosity (water contents), density, granulometric fractions (% in weighth of each grain size fraction), colour of the sediments compared with "Munsell soil colors charts"	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Granulometry		
Property:	Frequency	
Yearly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
One		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Generally two replicates per station		
Property: Base Units		
% in weighth of each grain size fraction (measured in phi)		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Corer or just a box-corer in case of sandy bottom, for hard bottom mapping is necessary anyway		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.4.10 Soil  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Sediment characterization (by observation and instrumental analyses) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and ex	plicit parameters	
Indicator: Sediment characterization (by observation and instrumental analyses)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Granulometric fractions (% in weighth of each grain size fraction)	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Granulometry		
Property:	Frequency	
Yearly		
Property: Time scale (incl. sea	sonality), temporal resolution	
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Generally 3 replicates per sampling site		
Property: Base Units		
% in weighth of each grain size fraction (measured in phi)		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Hand corers		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	

# Method references: established, internationally applied

Lorenti & De Falco (2004)

Lorenti & De Falco (2004)

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.4.11 Water  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Temperature, Salinity, Transparency, Oxygen, pH / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Temperature, Salinity, Transparency, Oxygen, pH	Indicator:	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important related indices		
Water density, Brunt-Vasala frequency, Oxygen % saturation		
Property:	Frequency	
Monthly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale	
One single sampling station , considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability		
Property: Base Units		
International Standard Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Water column sampling (Niskin bottles), different levels (depths) and or CTD probes		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	

Method references: established, internationally applied		
Hansen (1999);	Hansen (1999);	
Hansen H.P. & Koroleff F. (1999);	Hansen H.P. & Koroleff F. (1999);	
Strickland J.D. & Parsons T.T. (1972)	Strickland J.D. & Parsons T.T. (1972)	

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#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Abiotic Heterogeneity

**Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.4.12** Water  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Light quantity and quality / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Light quantity and quality	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Secchi depth, light extinction coefficient, euphotic depth	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Fortnightly / weekly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Single point		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Underwater measurement of photosynthetically active radiation;		
Secchi disk visibility or photometer		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		

# Method references: established, internationally applied

of turbidity (ISO 7027:1999).

EN ISO 7027: 1999. Water quality - Determination EN ISO 7027: 1999. Water quality -Determination of turbidity (ISO 7027:1999).

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

**8.4.13** Water  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Temperature, salinity, transparency, light, pH / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Temperature, salinity, transparency, light, pH	Indicator:	
Parameter: Light extinction coefficient	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Seasonal		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Along the depth gradient		
Property: Base Units		
International Standard Units		
Mandatory	y meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
CTD probes, temperature loggers, quantameter, pH meter		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		
Method references: specific to s		

Lorenti & De Falco (2004)

Lorenti & De Falco (2004)

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator* ⇒ *recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

8.4.14 Air  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

# **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Basic climate of the site (ranges, interannual variability, extremes, etc.)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Air temperature, pressure, humidity, wind speed and direction, solar irradiation	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Temperature		
wind speed		
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous/daily		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Continuous/daily		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Site		
Property: Base Units		
International Standard Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, Time, location, elevation, method reference		
Method applie	ed (key words)	
Meteo stations		
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied	

#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** Ecosystem Structures ⇒ Abiotic Heterogeneity

**Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.15 Habitat 

1st level: Water column structure: Temp, Salinity, Transparency, Oxygen, pH. / 2nd

## **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Water column structurre: Temp, Salinity, Transparency, Oxygen, pH.	Indicator:	
Parameter:	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Water density, Brunt-Vasala frequency, Oxygen % saturation		
Property: Frequency		
Monthly		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability		
Property: Base Units		
International Standard Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	???	
Method applied (key words)		
Water column sampling (Niskin bottles), different levels (depths) and or CTD probes		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		

# Method references: established, internationally applied Hansen H. I (1999); Hansen H. I (1999);

Hansen H.P. & Koroleff F. (1999);
Strickland J.D. & Parsons T.T. (1972)

Hansen H.P. & Koroleff F. (1999);
Strickland J.D. & Parsons T.T. (1972)

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#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator* 

**8.4.16** Additional Variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/2^{nd}$  level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.17 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Total irradiance, PAR, heat fluxes / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: PP intensity and sink / source character of the system

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

## LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Total irradiance, PAR, heat fluxes	<b>Indicator</b> : PP intensity and sink / source character of the system	
Parameter: Total irradiance, PAR, Temperature	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Surface Irradiance/depth irradiance		
Property: Frequency		
Continuous/daily	Seasonal	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Basin scale	Plot	
Property: Base Units		
International Standard Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, Time, location, elevation, method reference	???	
Method applied (key words)		
Meteo stations and in situ automatic continuous measurements		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.18 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Carbon assimilation / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mateurors and explicit parameters	
Indicator: Carbon assimilation	Indicator:
Parameter: Carbon assimilation or oxygen production rates	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Seasonal	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability	
Property: Base Units	
⊡g C m-3 h-1	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: establis	shed, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.19 E\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Plant production, PAR and LAI / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator:	
Parameter:	
elated indices	
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
shed, internationally applied	
Buia et al. (2004)	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.20 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Clorophyll a, DOM, POM, / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: Clorophyll a, DOM, POM,	Indicator:
Parameter: Clorophyll a, phytoplankton biomass, zooplankton biomass, DOM and POM	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Monthly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Bas	ic spatial scale
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability	
Property: Base Units	
mg C m-3, 2g Chl m-3	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	
Method applied (key words)	
Water column sampling , different levels (depths)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.21 E\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

	• •
Indicator:	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Leaf biomass, rhizome biomass, epiphyte biomass, leaf N content	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Monthly and seasonal	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Local	
Property: Base Units	
Gram per shoot, mg per shoot;	
Nitrogen content: percent of dry weight of leaf tissue	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	
Method applied (key words)	
Shoot are sampled at different depths, freezedried and ground to fine powder in an analytical mill. Subsamplesof 2–3 mg were analyzed for total N.	
Method references: specific to s	sites, not internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Energy Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.22 E\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Heat fluxes, respiration, PCP (Prokaryotic Carbon production) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

malcators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Heat fluxes, respiration, PCP (Prokaryotic Carbon production)	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Temperature, oxygen consumption rates, bacterial carbon production	Parameter:	
Important re	Important related indices	
Property: Frequency		
Seasonal		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability		
Property: Base Units		
☑g C m-3 h-1		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, Time, location, elevation, method reference		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to	sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied		
Steeman & Nielsen (1952)	Steeman & Nielsen (1952)	

Winkler et al. (1980)

Kirchman et al. (1985)

Carpenter (1965)

Robinson & Williams (2005)

Winkler et al. (1980)

Kirchman et al. (1985)

Carpenter (1965)

Robinson & Williams (2005)

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

**8.4.23** E\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Wind speed and direction, currents and waves / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
<b>Indicator</b> : Wind speed and direction, currents and waves	Indicator:	
<b>Parameter</b> : Wind speed, wind directions, wave height, current speed and direction	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property:	Frequency	
Continuous/daily		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Point close to the site		
Property: Base Units		
International Standard Units		
Mandatory meta data		
Date, Time, location, elevation, water depth, method reference	???	
Method applied (key words)		
Meteo stations and in situ automatic continuous measurements		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		
Wiction references. establis	med, internationally applied	

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#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Energy Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

 $\mathbf{1}^{\mathbf{st}}$ 8.4.24 E\_efficiency measures level: Production/Chlorophyll, Production/PAR **Production/Respiration / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:** 

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator:		
Parameter:		
Important related indices		
Property: Frequency		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
Property: Base Units		
Mandatory meta data		
???		
Method applied (key words)		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		

Method references: established, internationally applied

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#### **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.25 M\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Nutrients (N, P, Si) input fluxes (rivers/atmospheric deposition) / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and ch	photo parameters
Indicator: Nutrients (N, P, Si) input fluxes (rivers/atmospheric deposition)	Indicator:
Parameter:Dissolvedmacronutrientconcentration in rivers/deposition	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property:	Frequency
Monthly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
One single sampling station, representative of the loads actually coming from the watershed to the ecosystem	
Property: Base Units	
tons/years	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	???
Method applied (key words)	
Water sampling devices (e.g Niskin bottles); Deposimeter	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.26 M\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: POC, Chlorophyll, DOC / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator: POC, Chlorophyll, DOC	Indicator:
Parameter: POC, Chlorophyll, DOC	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Monthly	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability	
Property: Base Units	
mg C m-3, mg Chl m-3	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	???
Method applied (key words)	
Water column sampling (Niskin bottles), different levels (depths)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

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#### MARINE SYSTEMS

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Matter Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.27 M\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Total Carbon Flux / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters		
Indicator: Total Carbon Flux	Indicator:	
Parameter: POC, DOC	Parameter:	
Important re	elated indices	
Property: Frequency		
Yearly integrated		
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution		
All		
Property: Basic spatial scale		
One single sampling station, considering the best fit with vertical (water column) and horizontal (site gradients) variability		
Property: Base Units		
mg C m-2 d-1		
Mandatory meta data		
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	???	
Method applied (key words)		
Sedimentation traps (for vertical fluxes and outputs), geostrophic currents for advection estimates		
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied		
Method references: established, internationally applied		

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.28 M\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/ 2^{nd}$  level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

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# **MARINE SYSTEMS**

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Matter Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.29 M\_+C5efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Sedimentation/Accumulation rates in sediments / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

mulcators and explicit parameters	
<b>Indicator</b> : Sedimentation/Accumulation rates in sediments	Indicator:
<b>Parameter</b> : Cm of sediments accumulated per year or gr of sediments accumulated per year per cm2	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Yearly integrated	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Single point	
Property: Base Units	
cm/y	
g/cm2xy	
Mandatory meta data	
Survey date and time, location, site depth, sampling depths, frequency of observations, method reference	???
Method applied (key words)	
Sediment core isotopic analysis (expensive, to discuss for budget allocation)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	

Method references: established, internationally applied

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.30 W\_input  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: River discharge, currents / 2<sup>nd</sup> level: Water circulation

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

Indicator: River discharge, currents	Indicator: Water circulation
Parameter: River discharge, currents	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Continuous/daily	Seasonally
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Basin scale	Basin scale
Property: Base Units	
m3 s-1, m s-1	
Mandatory meta data	
Date, Time, location, method reference	???
Method applied (key words)	
Instrumental	Model
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.31 W\_storage  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Residence time / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and ex	plicit parameters
Indicator: Residence time	Indicator:
Parameter: Currents	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Seasonal	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Basin scale	
Property: Base Units	
days	
Mandatory meta data	
Date, Time, location, model reference	???
Method applied (key words)	
Instrumental and modelling	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

**Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1):** *ecosystem processes* ⇒ *Water Budget* **Explanation to following heading:** *Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level* 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.32 W\_output  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: Advection and outflow / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

**LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator** 

Indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator: Advection and outflow	Indicator:
Parameter: Currents	Parameter:
Important related indices	
Property: Frequency	
Seasonal	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
All	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Basin scale	
Property: Base Units	
m3 s-1	
Mandatory meta data	
Date, Time, location, instrument and model reference	???
Method applied (key words)	
Instrumental and modelling	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.33 W\_other state variables  $\Rightarrow 1^{st}$  level:  $/2^{nd}$  level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

illulcators and ex	tplicit parameters
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	

Components of Ecological Integrity (see table 1): ecosystem processes ⇒ Water Budget

Explanation to following heading: Ecological Integrity Indicator ⇒ recommended level 1 / level 2 indicator

8.4.34 W\_efficiency measures  $\Rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> level: / 2<sup>nd</sup> level:

#### **INDICATOR FACT SHEET**

LEVEL 1 Indicator LEVEL 2 Indicator

indicators and explicit parameters	
Indicator:	Indicator:
Parameter:	Parameter:
Important re	elated indices
Property: Frequency	
Property: Time scale (incl. seasonality), temporal resolution	
Property: Basic spatial scale	
Property: Base Units	
Mandatory meta data	
Method applied (key words)	
Method references: specific to sites, not internationally applied	
Method references: established, internationally applied	